The Columbian.

C. D. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1875.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. IX, NO. 51
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XI, NO. 46

THE COLUMBIAN
(COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED,)
Issued weekly, every FRIDAY morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year, $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year strictly in advance —$2.25 if not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed beyond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the S a e, or to distant post offices, must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the larger cities. All work done on demand, neat and at moderate prices.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil) space one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3w.	6w.	1y
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.0
Two inches	3.00	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.0
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.0
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.0
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	35.0
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	60.0
One column	25.00	30.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's Notices three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line. regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Frank Derr, Isaac S. Monroe.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Jesse M. Clark.
Sheriff—Michael Grotz.
Serve or—Isaac Dowdy.
Treasurer—John Snyder.
Commissioners—William Lawton, John Herner, John Hay.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—C. J. Campbell, S. E. Smith, David Yost.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Fry.
Clerk, Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—O. P. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Creveling, Scott. O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. B. Orvis, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President; J. P. Teeple, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President; C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President; J. H. Robbins, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—S. S. Brower, President; C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. J. Mecron.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. J. H. McGarrah.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening at 6½ o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier.
Residence—East street, near Forks Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Zeller's church, Madison township.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.
Persons desiring to consult the Rector on religious matters will find him at the parsonage on Rock street.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reese.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb. 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

CLOTHING, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. R. IKELER, Attorney at Law. Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. es

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market sts.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side of Main street, above J. K. Ent's.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk and Harness maker, Silver's Block, Main street.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery Wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main street, west of Market st.

D. W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer, second door from the northwest corner Main and Iron streets.

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Boldans' building.

DR. E. W. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, on Main street,
Mar. 27, 74—y Catawissa, Pa.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

VULCAN IRON WORKS,
DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.
WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholder, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Plates, Flooring and Beams, Farm Gates and Fences, also Wrought Iron Piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied.
Oct. 8, 1875—tf

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and builder, Main street below Pine.

BUCK HORN.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. A. L. TURNER,
Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.
Office over Klein's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.
All calls night or day promptly attended to.
Apr. 23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, 74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store.
Apr. 23'75-tf

C. G. BARKLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office Main Street, Brower's Building, Second story, Rooms 4 and 5. Oct. 15, '75.

SAMUEL KNORR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets. Oct. 8, '75

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. July 1, 73—y

C. B. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House.
Mar. 6, 74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10, 73—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. July 1, 73—y

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. B. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. B. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 15—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America.
Agents for Continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $5,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Will practice in all the courts of Columbia, Sullivan and Lycoming counties, in the Supreme court of Pennsylvania, and in the Circuit and District courts of the United States held at Williamsport, Pa.
Will be in his office in the Columbian building, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week; and in Benton on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays, unless absent on professional business. Sept. 18, 1875.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,000,000
Lancashire	10,000,00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,500,000
American of Philadelphia	1,500,000
Atlas of Hartford	5,000,000
Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre	251,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$61,958,000

March 26, 74—y

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. BROWN,
Dealer in
BOOTS AND SHOES. TOWANDA Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice. Under Brown's Hotel, Bloomsburg. Oct. 8, '75-1y

CENTRAL HOTEL,
A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE,
Oct. 8, '75-1y JOHN LAYCOCK, Prop'r.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct. 1, 75-1y

R. M. TUBBS,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
BURNING AND LUBRICATING OILS.
Office in Maize's Building, corner Main and Centre streets.
BLOOMSBURG, PENNA.
☞ Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Oct. 8, 75-1y

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved DOCTOR'S CHAIR, which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. Oct. 8 '75

D. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. Oct. 8, '75

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Opposite the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county
Oct. 8, '75-1y W. B. KOONS, Proprietor.

BROWN'S HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
B. STOHNER, Proprietor.
Accommodations First Class—$1.25 to $1.50 per day.
RESTAURANT ATTACHED.
Large, Airy Sample Rooms on 1st Floor.
A good stable in rear of Hotel.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 8, 1875-tf.

CONFESSIONS OF A VICTIM.
Published as a warning and for the benefit of young men and others who suffer from Nervous Debility, Loss of Womanhood, etc., giving his rules of self-cure, after undergoing much suffering and expense, and mailed free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Address NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, P. O. Box 1ba, Brooklyn, N. Y. July 9, '75-6m

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILL,
ESPY, PA.
STOUT & BREISCH, PROPRIETORS.
General dealers in Flour, Grain, Feed &c. Custom done to order. 34pm

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,
and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and FANCY,
Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of
SLEIGHS
of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.
An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.
Oct. 8, 1875—tf.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
A. S. CROSSLEY has on hand and for sale cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, or will exchange for old Wagons on reasonable terms,
CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
AND
WAGONS
of every description both plain and fancy.
Portable Top Buggies, open Buggies, Plain and Fancy Platform Spring Wagons all of the latest style and made of good material and fully warranted.—Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I cannot be undersold. I claim that I make the best wagons for the least money.
I also do painting, trimming and repair old work at the shortest notice, old springs welded and warranted to stand or no pay. I will exchange a portable top buggy for any kind of lumber, such as hemlock, pine, ash, first hickory and poplar to be delivered at my shop by the first of February, 1876. Iron and coal orders taken and McKelvy, Neal & Co's for repairs as cash.
A. S. CROSSLEY.
Oct. 8, 1875.

The Great Cause of Human Misery.
Just published in a sealed envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE on the nature, treatment and Radical Cure of seminal weakness, spermatorrhœa, induced by self-abuse, involuntary emissions, impotency, sexual nervous debility and impediments to marriage generally, consumption, epilepsy and fits; mental and physical incapacity, &c., by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the Green Book &c.
The world-renowned author in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.
Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.
April 16, '75—y

PHOSPHO-FISH

GUANO.
ANALYSIS.

Moisture, det. at 100 c.	11.77
Organic Matter, 24.28 capable of producing Ammonia,	3.18
Soluable and Precipitated Phosphoric Acid,	5.64
Equal to Precipitated and Bone Phosphate,	12.31
Undecomposed Bone Phosphate,	15.39

PRICE, $38 PER TON.
Packed in bags of 200 lbs. each.
BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Proprietors,
No. 20 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia,
AND
No. 160 South Street, Baltimore.
Sep. 29-3m.

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.
G. A. HERRING
RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,
(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads. Where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for
GREEN HIDES
of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875-

LOUIS BERNHARD,
Dealer in
ELGIN WATCHES, CLOCKS,
Silverware, Watches and Jewelry,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, of American and Foreign manufacture.
Silver and Plated Ware, Clocks,
FINE JEWELRY, &C., &C.
REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING
Promptly Executed.
Oct. 8, '75-1y

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention. tf, 7-tf

FORTUNES
of $100,000, $50,000, $20,000, $20,000, $20/00, $15,000 with other smaller sums are paid in the Wyoming Lottery, which is conducted by sworn commissioners and duly legalized by the Wyoming Legislature. Regular drawings 15th and both of each month during the year. Tickets $1 each, 6 for $5, 25 for $20. Circulars with full information mailed free.
ALLEN & CO., 79 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.
Sep. 17,-6m.

NOTICE.
From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set meters at four dollars each.
The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.
Price 10 cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.
C. W. MILLER, Sect.
Oct. 15, '75-tf

Poetical.

THE INDIAN LOVER'S CALUMET.

BY EDWARD C. JONES.

"The Indian lover lights his calumet, enters the cabin of his mistress, and gently presents it to her. If she extinguishes it, she permits his address; but if she suffers it to burn unnoticed, he retires with a throbbing heart."—Ashe's Travels in North America.

Come to my side, and let me speak
Of that fair autumn night,
When gazing in thy love-lit eye,
I caught thy bosom's light,
And knew thy pulses bounded free
For me, oh! cherished one, for me.

That day I started in the fen
The ruby-burnished snake;
That day the speckled deer I chased
Along the wooded brake;
And with his antlers bought the shell
My maiden said she prized so well.

Then at the wigwam's open door,
While thou the wampum strung,
The cougar's shaggy hide I doffed,
Around my shoulders flung.
And then, with eyes which love had wet,
Didst touch my lighted calumet.

Then knew I by that ancient sign,
That o'er thy heart I reigned,
And felt the Mingo's sweetest dove
My warrior soul had gained;
And from thy kisses in that hour,
Drank dew-draughts from the lotus flower.

Then Kitchi Manitou we blest,
The Indian God on high,
And watched the autumn moon, that sailed
Along a cloudless sky,
And said that changing heavens should see
Our bright, unshaded constancy.

Since then, amid our forest chiefs
Thy mated one has stood,
When council fire its gleaming sent
Across our rolling flood;
And time has thinned thy locks of jet,
Since thou didst touch my calumet.

And little forms beside thee sport,
The offshoots of the vine,
Who laugh as round thy matron neck
The field flowers wild they twine,
And clap their hands in rough delight,
And bid their sire behold the sight.

But autumn moons have found us true,
And at our open door,
The lighted pipe of ruddy clay
Has cloud-wreaths as before,
And still at even's soft decline,
The Mingo's sweetest dove is mine.

Miscellaneous.

MR. DAYTON'S HOUSEKEEPER.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER—NO ONE but an elderly person, competent, and of the highest respectability need apply. Call between the hours of 2 and 3, Thursday, April 6, at No.——, Michigan avenue.

Kate Franklin read this in the paper which lay on the counter in the little grocery while waiting to have an ounce or two of tea done up and a roll of baker's bread.

She repeated the number of the house over to herself as she received the change from the grocer.

She prepared the tea after she returned to the little bare attic, and ate her scanty meal mechanically. She forgot how unsatisfied her appetite still was in her busy thought.

A stranger in a strange place, successively she had tried to find a situation as teacher, copyist, in a store, sewing. She had failed in the first three, and was starving on the last.

She would apply for the place, but she would need references. Only one person she knew in the whole great city of sufficient influence—Mrs. Davenport, the rich, haughty step-sister who had ill-treated her gentle mother while she lived, and hated Kate herself.

Perhaps Kate thought she would permit her to refer to her, because glad to have her descend to menial employment.

Kate was competent for the situation, for during her mother's long illness and her father's absence she had entire charge of their large family and splendid house.

But an "elderly woman." Now Kate was not an elderly woman, being only 20; but she remembered, with a sort of pleasure, that in private theatricals in happier days she had imitated the voice and assumed the character of an old woman with great success. She knew how to stain the skin to give an old and wrinkled appearance, and she had in the bottom of a box some false gray hair and a muslin cap worn on one of these occasions. She did not need to look so very old—only to present a mature and matronly appearance.

Mr. Edward Dayton waited at home after his dinner to see the respondents to his advertisement. He was a handsome man, not yet 30, with a gay, frank, good natured countenance.

He leaned back in a nonchalant way, his feet on another chair.

"There ought to be a Mrs. Dayton to manage these housekeeping matters. Well, there's time enough."

Two applicants were seen and dismissed in Mr. Dayton's gentlemanly way.

A third was ushered in. Mr. Dayton instinctively laid aside his cigar, and placed a chair for his visitor.

The ladylikeness and propriety of her manner pleased him at once. "Fallen fortunes," he commented to himself.

She answered his questions readily, but in few words.

"A silent woman—a good thing," was his inward remark.

"I think you will suit me. Mrs.——, what may I understand your name?"

"Franklin."

"Mrs. Franklin, you will be required to go out of town, about seven miles, to my country house, Oak Grove—in the town of Embury, on the Grand Central Railroad. The salary I propose to pay is $600 per annum. Do my terms suit you?"

She answered quietly that they did.

"Then it is all settled. By the way, I suppose you have references, though that is a mere matter of form."

The name of Davenport was given.

"Davenport? Robert Deavenport! I know them. All right. If convenient, you will please go to-morrow, Mrs. Franklin, or the next day. I shall not come till the middle of next week, and probably bring a friend or two with me. Have the chambers in the centre and wings prepared, if you please. The housekeeper there now will not leave until Saturday. She will show you round."

"Is Mrs.—is your wife there, or to go soon?"

He laughed.

"Mrs. Edward Dayton? No, she is not there, and I do not know of her going at present." Adding more seriously: "I have not the pleasure, Mrs. Franklin, of having a wife," with a slight stress on "pleasure."

A vivid color came into the brown cheek of the housekeeper, and her manner showed evident embarrassment.

"I thought—I believe—I cannot—" and stopped.

He did not notice it. His mind had already turned to other things. He rose.

"It's all settled, I believe. By the way," his eyes falling on the rusty black dress, "you may like an advance, as an evidence of the bargain. It is quite customary, I believe, to do so."

The housekeeper's hand closed on the fifty dollars that he gave her, and the words she would have said were left unuttered. She moved to the door. He opened it for her courteously.

"Good morning, madam."

"Good morning," she replied.

"I cannot starve. I must go. I can keep up my disguise," she murmured.

Mr. Dayton, accompanied by a friend, arrived at his country house the middle of the ensuing week. Everything within and without the house was in perfect order. If the new housekeeper had made a few mistakes at first, they were soon rectified. Every room that she had touched showed a magical change.

Her predecessor had been one of the kind who believed in the sunlight never entering a room for fear of its fading the carpets.

Mr. Dayton felt the change without knowing the reason of it. He looked around him with a satisfied air.

It was not possible to find fault with the variety and quality of the food placed before them, nor the manner of its being served; and the table appointments were perfect; and Dayton congratulated himself upon having such a jewel of a housewife.

The weeks passed and a holiday came. Mr. Dayton had gone to town the day previous to remain the rest of the week. The housekeeper had given permission to the servants to go also. She felt a welcome relief to have the house and the day to herself. She locked the doors carefully after the last servant. She would have no dinner. Only lunch. She had almost forgotten her real character in that which she assumed: but to-day she could be herself without fear of intrusion or discovery.

She laid aside her cap and gray dresses, washed the stain from her skin, and arranged her luxurious hair in becoming curls and donned a pretty, fresh muslin, which fitted well the slight, graceful figure. This done, she entered the parlor and stood before the mirror, as attractive a figure as one would often see.

"Truly, I have forgotten my own looks! I am Kate Franklin after all!" she said.

Removed from her long restraint, her spirits rebounded. She felt gay, light-hearted, and like committing any foolishness.

"Miss Franklin," she said, in the mincing affected tones of an exquisite, "it would be inexpressible pleasure to hear the music of that long silent voice."

"It would be a great pity to deprive you of it then," she answered, in her natural voice, "and myself also," she added; and going to the piano she opened it, and played a few pieces with exquisite taste and skill, and then she sang song after song, in a sweet, clear, cultivated voice. She chose at first the brilliant and triumphant, then the sad and plaintive succeeded. There were tears in her eyes when she rose. But to-day her moods were capricious.

"Mrs. Franklin, who is playing on the piano?" she asked, in an excellent imitation of Mr. Dayton's voice.

"It is only I, sir, dusting the keys, they need dusting so often," she replied, in Mrs. Franklin's meager tones; and she dusted them vigorously with her pocket handkerchief.

"Ah, me," she said. "Now what other foolish thing shall I do to prove myself not an elderly housekeeper, but a young girl, who, by virtue of her age, should be gay, by right of birth, wealthy and of consideration, visited and visiting, as Mr. Dayton's lady visits and is visited. He is noble, good, and handsome," she said with a sigh. "She will be happy. How gracefully she danced here at the party the other evening, when the old housekeeper was permitted to look on. She looks good and amiable, too. Mr. Dayton danced with her three times. I wonder if I have forgotten how to dance?" and humming an air she floated gracefully about the room.

She stopped breathless, her cheeks brilliant with the exercise, her splendid hair disarranged.

"I believe I feel like stiff, old Mrs. Franklin, with whom dancing doesn't agree."

"One more song by that heavenly voice, Miss Franklin, and I shall go away dreaming I have heard angels sing," in the ludicrously affected voice she had before imitated.

"Ah," she laughed, yet half sadly, "the compliments poor old housekeeper Franklin receives, I hope won't quite spoil her, and turn her silly old head."

She sat down again at the piano, and sang "Home, Sweet Home," and then played one of Beethoven's grandest, most solemn pieces.

She rose and closed the piano.

"The carnival is ended. Kate Franklin disappears from the scene, and Madam Franklin enters."

Neither Mrs. Dayton nor the servants would have suspected, from the placid and dignified deportment of the housekeeper when they returned at evening, of what strange freaks she had been guilty. The housekeeper, as usual, when Mr. Dayton was alone, sat at the table. It had commenced to rain violently, and the weather had grown suddenly cold.

Mr. Dayton, as he had done occasionally, invited her to the library, where a cheerful fire burned in the grate. He read the letters and papers which he had brought from town, while she knitted.

An hour or more passed in silence; indeed, the housekeeper seldom spoke except when asked a question. At length Mr. Dayton looked up to her and said abruptly:

"Yours must be a lonely life, madam. If it is not a painful subject, may I ask how long since you lost your husband?"

Two hands suspended their employment two eyes looked up to him with an alarmed expression. In his serious, sympathetic countenance there was nothing to frighten or embarrass, but the red grew deeper on her brown cheek.

"It is a painful subject," she said at last, faltering. "If you will please excuse me."

One morning he was speaking of the great loss to children in being deprived of their parents.

"I never knew a mother," he said, "She died before my earliest recollection. I believe that, man as I am, if I had a mother, I should go to her with all my griefs, as a little child would. I have sometimes thought of asking you to act as mother in the quiet evenings, when I have longed to confide in some one. My mother would have been about your age, I think."

Again there was a vivid color in the cheek of the housekeeper, such as is rarely seen in the aged, but it was accompanied by a quiver in the mouth, and ended in a cough, but both mouth and cheek were quickly covered with a handkerchief, and quite a violent fit of coughing succeeded.

Mr. Dayton, however, did not seem to notice, though he had given her one curious glance, instantly withdrawn, and he continued:

"For instance, respecting matrimony, whose advice of so much value as a mother's? Who so quick to see through character and make good selection? Had you a son, whom about here would you select for a daughter-in-law, Mrs. Franklin?"

"I am not acquainted with any of the young ladies, Mr. Dayton," she answered.

"True, but you have seen them all, and are, I should judge, a good discerner of character from observation. Whom would you select from those you have seen?" he persisted.

She reddened and paled.

"I have heard the Misses Grandison highly spoken of. Their appearance would seem to prove the truth. I doubt not that you agree with me," she replied quietly.

It was now his turn to color, which he did slightly.

"I do agree with you," he answered emphatically.

It was late in September. Mr. Dayton and his housekeeper were both in the parlor. He had been unusually grave all day. It seemed to the housekeeper that his manner was changed toward her.

"I have a few questions to ask, if you will permit me, Mrs. Franklin?"

She felt instinctive alarm at his tone.

"Certainly," with an effort.

There was an ominous pause.

"I have been told," he said, "that Miss Kate Franklin, a young lady, by disguising herself, palmed off off upon me for several months as an elderly lady. Is there any truth in the story?" looking searchingly at her.

She started to her feet, then trembling sank back into a chair.

"Yes, it is true," she murmured, falteringly.

"I confess I fail to see for what object. My heart you could hardly expect to gain in that character."

"Your heart," she repeated, scornfully; "I had no such laudable ambition; I had never seen or heard of you till I saw your advertisement. Would you like to know for what purpose I took upon me a disguise so repugnant? You shall? To save myself from starvation. I had eaten but one meal a day for a week when I applied to you, and was suffering with hunger then. My money was all gone, except a few pennies, with which to buy a roll of bread for the next day's meal, and I had no prospects of more, for I had been refused further sewing. But why should you find fault?" her pride rising. "What matter if I were Miss or Mrs. Franklin, old or young, if I fulfilled the duties I undertook? Have I not taken good care of your house? Have I not made you comfortable? If I have not, deduct from this quarter's salary, which you paid this morning, whatever you like?"

"I have no fault to find, except for placing yourself and me in an awkward position should this become known."

Waves of color mounted to the poor housekeeper's temples. "I thought—Imeant, that no one should know, least of all, you—besides—I thought when I engaged to come, that you were married. Oh, what shall I do?" And she burst into a passion of tears.

Mr. Dayton's manner changed.

"Kate! Kate! I did not mean to distress you. Nobody knows but me—nobody shall know." And he soothed her tenderly. "Kate, look up. I love you with my whole heart. I want you to be little housekeeper—my wife—always. Kate, what do you say?" taking her in his arms and laying his cheek against hers. "My own Kate, is it not?"

She murmured something between her sobs that she must go away this minute.

"Nonsense, darling! Haven't you been here for months? What difference can a day longer make? You are safe with me, Katie. Oh, because I know you are Miss Franklin, will you give me the inexpressible pleasure of hearing from that long-silent voice? Oh, Katie, you bewitched me that day! I am afraid you will bewitch me always. But, Katie, let's take off these trappings," untying her cap and removing the gray hair, and with this action down fell the wealth of brown tresses.

"Oh, Mr. Dayton, you were not—surely you were not home that day?" looking up, covered with confusion.

"Yes, Mr. Dayton was—in the library," with an accent on his name which Kate understood.

"Oh, Edward! and you teased me with all those foolish questions when you knew!"

"Yes, my Kate, why not?"

"But you looked so innocent."

He laughed.

"I shall soon, I hope, have somebody, if not a mother, to confide in; and, Kate, it is my duty and pleasure to give you a husband, so in future you can answer without so much pain when he is inquired after.

"You are too generous!"

"I can afford to be generous," he said, earnestly, "when I have had the precious gift of your love. Kate, blest forever be the day that I first engaged my housekeeper."

It certainly seems hard to realize that the worship of apes, which has been common from a period of remote antiquity, still prevails extensively in Japan and India, and also in parts of Africa. In reference to this strange infatuation, some travelers are inclined to attribute the source to be the doctrine of the transmigration of souls, which is very common with savages. A trace of this sentiment is often found among our Western Indians.

Some attention has recently been paid to the long-neglected grave of Gen. Zachary Taylor, on the Brownsboro' turnpike, about five miles from Louisville. The briars and brambles have been cleared away and the broken walls of the sepulchre have been repaired. An effort is now being made to have the remains of Gen. Taylor removed to Frankfort.

A SINGULAR STORY.—A strange story is reported from Spain. A detachment of Alfonsist soldiers recently discovered in a secluded part of a mountain chain a cavern which was inhabited by robbers, who had taken advantage of the civil war in order to ply their criminal avocations. An alcove was attached to the subterranean dwelling, the door of which the soldiers broke open. They were astonished to find the apartment so decently furnished, and provided with books, flowers, and even a piano. In an easy chair sat a venerable old man. The soldiers interrogated him, but obtained only incoherent replies. It has been ascertained, from the confession of one of the robbers, that the old man was the cashier of a banking firm at Bourgos; that they had broken into the bank, and stolen the safe, and had taken the cashier with them, in hopes that he would assist them to open the safe. During the retreat, which was marked by many adventures, the intrepid old man succeeded in evading the vigilance of his guardians for a short time and secreted the safe in a place where he would be able to recover it afterward. When the booty was missed, and the robbers failed to induce the cashier to reve

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Nov. 19, 1875.

BENEFIT CONCERT AT OPERA HOUSE ON THANKSGIVING NIGHT. TICKETS AT GEORGE A. CLARK'S

The negro vote elected Hartranft. The majority of our white voters are Democrats.

The Democrats carry Mississippi by a large majority, and *gain six Congressmen!*—*Gettsburg Compiler.*

Steady, Stahle! The State is entitled to but six, and the Democrats had one.

The Granger Vote.

The vote for Col. Piollet shows that as an organization the Grangers took no part in the late contest. It is true that they take no part in politics. Had they desired the election of a farmer, it was in their power to do it, but they preferred a millionaire manufacturer. When a chance for reform was offered them they threw it away and defeated their ablest champion.

Hard Times.

The election is over, and the voters of this State have again endorsed the Republican party. But the times are no better. Money is as scarce as ever,and it will be until the present party is ousted from power. The Republican who voted to continue this condition of affairs should quit grumbling, and the Democrats who staid at home deserve no sympathy. Official extravagance, salary grabs,and general corruption has been endorsed, and it is some satisfaction to know that those who helped produce this condition of affairs must suffer in the general distress.

The Democracy have attended five Gubernatorial funerals. The candidates were all from the East. Perhaps the West may be recognized after while.—*Pittsburg Post.*

We thought the West, was recognized in nominating Lieutenant Governor Latta, and Auditor General Temple at Pittsburg last year and Speaker of the House of Representatives. The fact is the West dictated the Platform at Erie which led to our defeat,and in the teeth of delegates from the East where we have regular Democratic majorities.

Election Bets.

We are opposed to betting, not only because it is contrary to law, but because it is against sound morals. Nor have we any sympathy for those who lose at this species of gambling. But we insist that those who bet on a *majority* for Hartranft are obliged to pay, even by the gambler's rule. We have been taken to task for having made this statement last week. We now fortify, it by an extract from a celebrated *Sporting Journal*:

MAJORITY MEANS MAJORITY.—Wilkes' *Spirit of the Times* has decided that a bet on Hartranft's majority in Pennsylvania, or on Hayes' majority in Ohio, must be decided by the majority over the whole vote polled, including the Prohibition vote.

Philadelphia's Prothonotary.

The twelve Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia met on Saturday last to elect a Prothonotary for said courts, in obedience to the provisions of the new Constitution. Col. William B. Mann formerly prothonotary, was chosen on a vote of 7 to 5. Mr. Mann is undoubtedly an able officer, but his skirts have been so dragged through the mire of political uncleanness that people in the country have but little confidence in him. But he is not our prothonotary, for which the Gods have our thanks. Mann is the Republican Warwick. He has made kings for Philadelphia, and for the State for years, and he did more than any one else to secure the nomination and election of the judges who have now rewarded him with an office that pays $75,000 a year. How beautiful is gratitude!

The Philadelphia *Press* does not crow as lustily over the result of the election in this State, as some of its more thoughtless contemporaries. It sees the hand writing on the wall, and sounds the note of warning to the Republican party as follows:

Gov. Hartranft's official plurality is announced as 11,696. In other words, the Republican ticket came to Philadelphia defeated in the State and was only rescued by the solid Philadelphia column of 17,282. Not even General Hartranft's excellent civil, and brilliant war record could save the ticket before the people in the counties. Now, what is the meaning of this? Simply that the people of Pennsylvania who demand,and intend to have, constant progress in the purity of government, and honesty of administration, are not satisfied with the exertions of The Republican party in that direction. Evidently the people of the interior are not so well satisfied with the respective local management in their own districts,and their vote of this month is a vote of want of confidence. This is a condition of things which cannot exist without danger to the party. It behooves every county to set itself in order,and be ready to enter the Presidential campaign in good fighting order.

How to aid the Party.

There are at least fifteen hundred Democratic voters in this county whose names are not on our subscription list. Many of them take no paper at all. After each election two or three hundred Democrats can be counted who were not at the polls. These are mainly among those Democrats who do not read the papers,and therefore do not understand the necessity of voting. To be a Democrat simply because your father or grand-father was of that party, and to vote the Democratic ticket, because somebody asks you to do so, shows an amount of imbecility that no man ought to confess. There are great and vital principles upon which the Democratic Party is established, and every man should know and understand them, and in order to do that he must read the papers. Again, to bring up children in ignorance, is a crime, morally considered. It is the duty of every parent to inculcate the habit of reading in their offspring, and there is no better matter for that purpose than a good family newspaper,which keeps them informed of what is taking place in the world, and at the same time furnishes interesting reading matter. That the party may reap the benefit of a wider dissemination of Democratic truths, and that parents may give their children good sound literature, we will send the COLUMBIAN *free* for one year to any person sending us *five* new subscribers and ten dollars. Read this to your neighbor!

THE OFFICIAL RESULT.—The official result of the election in this state are promulgated from Harrisburg. Hartranft has 304,175; Pershing 292,145; Hartranft's plurality 12,030; Rawle has 302,870; Piollet 293,150; Rawle's plurality 9,725. The Temperance vote was, Brown 13,244; Pennypacker 12,468.

The Labor Association.

The Pottsville *Workingman* devotes a column and a half of well written criticism on our recent editorial headed "Wanted in Pennsylvania,—A Democratic Statesman." Very appropriately it precedes a circular of F. W. Hughes, "To the friends of National money," and both articles have the same ring. We do not blame Hughes, nor any one else for wanting more money, but we do object to their putting a party in a false position because their financial speculations may not have been successful.

How far this nameless correspondent represents theLabor Reform element of Schuylkill we are unable to say. But this we do know that the organization has been used by a few politicians, and some mercenary leaders for political purposes until it has driven from its support some of the best men in the State. It could have dictated nominations and a platform, and yet when both were in accord with it, money and corporations controlled its action.

Our article embraced three points:

1st. An anti-Democratic platform.

2nd. A nominee for Governor who was afraid to take the field.

3d. An imbecile Chairman.

The *Workingman* proposes to examine "these assumptions inversely," and at once launches into praises of Col. Wright, and abuse of other men. It fails to meet any other question.

This does not explain the trick at Erie. Nor has Columbia county any other defence to make except that under all these adverse circumstances *she increased her majority twenty-seven per cent!* What did the Hughes' Barr's, and Wrights' do? The returns show.

The Democratic Vote in Columbia county was increased this year about twenty-seven per cent over that cast for Lieutenant Governor last year. The different townships made their contributions to it in all cases except Benton where the vote was the same that it was last year.

The following list shows the credit that should be given to each township. The gain is given in whole numbers and is nearly correct.

S. Conyngham	138	per	cent
Beaver	126	"	"
N. Conyngham	83	"	"
Centralia	69	"	"
Pine	43	"	"
Mount Pleasant	45	"	"
Madison	43	"	"
Hemlock	34	"	"
Fishingcreek	33	"	"
Centre	31	"	"
East Bloomsburg	26	"	"
Roaringcreek	25	"	"
Locust	23	"	"
Montour	21	"	"
Main	18	"	"
Franklin	16	"	"
Catawissa	15	"	"
Orange	14	"	"
Scott	14	"	"
Sugarloaf	12	"	"
Greenwood	12	"	"
Mifflin	12	"	"
Berwick	11	"	"
Briarcreek	10	"	"
Jackson	7	"	"
West Bloomsburg	4	"	"
Benton	0	"	"

It will be seen by the above table that Conyngham is entitled to the banner promised by the Standing Committee which will be presented in due time. We congratulate our party friends there on the handsome vote they gave, and their refusal to listen to Radical blandishments.

Campaign Management.

Our recent criticism on the last campaign, has called forth a friendly response from all sections of the State. We did not expect unanimity, but we are gratified at the endorsement of our ablest and best contemporaries.

We should profit by the lessons of the past. No party can have a permanent existence which is not based on sound principles. For years Democracy has been following after strange Gods, and it is time we come back to the true faith. In 1860 we tried the experiment of running two candidates, and of course, failed. In 1874 we put a popular General on a peace platform and failed. In 1868 we put a hard money man on a greenback platform, and failed. In 1874 we put a rabid Republican on a hard money platform, and failed.

We have experimented long enough. Let us meet the questions of the hour in an open manly way, and have done with patent projects,and with leaders who have forgotten that progress is the order of the day. The Rip Van Winkles should not control destinies.

Organization should begin at once. It is not necessary to wait until our opponents are thoroughly drilled and ready for an attack. Open fire now, and along the whole line! Call the young men to the front, because the burdens of the campaign fall upon them.

If this be done success in 1876 will be assured. Our own blunders have given the opposition success.

Luzerne Politics.

If the charges made against Dr. Trimmer and his clerk are true, both deserve prompt punishment. It will not answer for us to condemn fraud when perpetrated by our opponents, and shield it when committed by members of our own organization. Cheating never pays in the long run, and is as disreputable to accomplish a political purpose as to effect a private one.

The following indictments were found by the Grand Jury of Luzerne last week:

Altering, defacing, embezzling, etc., election returns—Samuel W. Trimmer, Michael Gaughan, Patrick Welsh.

Forging public documents—Samuel W. Trimmer, Michael Gaughlin, Patrick Welch.

Altering, defacing, destroying, etc., election papers—S. W. Trimmer.

District-Attorney Farnham and Chairman Chase put special Detective Meyer upon the track of Trimmer and Gaughan, to detect them in altering the returns, but the detective failed to make a point.

Legal proceedings have been commenced against Prothonitary Trimmer and Chief Clerk Gaughan for tempering with the election returns. They gave bail to appear in court. E. H. Chase, H. W. Palmer and H. B. Payne are the counsel for the prosecution. E. L. Merriman is counsel for the defense. Mr. Chase is chairman of the Republican county committee, and Mr. Merriman is chairman of the Democratic county committee. It is not alleged that Mr. Merriman was in any way connected with the crime of altering the returns or knew anything of it.

THE WISCONSIN ELECTION.—Returns from every county in the state, according to Republican report, give Ludington, Republican for Governor, 703 majority. This includes the soldiers' home vote in Milwaukee county of 188, and the Burnett county vote of 400 for Ludington. At Madison the Democrats claim 300 or 400 majority for Taylor. All the Democratic state officers, including Secretary of State Doyle, are re-elected. Doyle's majority will be at least 1,500. H. D. Barrod is defeated for the state senate in the north-western district. His successful opponent is Charles Smith, Democrat, of Pierce county. This leaves the senate with five Republican majority. Corrected returns as to the assembly give 51 Democrats, 46 Republicans, and 9 Independents.

The Democratic Organization.

THE ERRORS OF THE CAMPAIGN AND THE POLICY OF THE FUTURE.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—An editorial under the caption of "Want of Organization" appeared in the Harrisburg *Patriot* on the 6th inst., calculated to lead public opinion astray, and upon which, therefore, I beg leave, through your columns, to pass a few strictures. The *Patriot* says: "*What was painfully manifest throughout the recent contest in Pennsylvania, was the utter want of organization in the Democratic party. The dissatisfaction produced by the platform and the spirit of faction which prevailed at Erie, could have been counteracted by a vigorous organization of party strength.*" Now, to what cause are we to attribute this "utter want of organization in the Democratic party?" Up to the meeting of the Erie convention,which took place on the 8th of September, John Miller, of Chester county, in whom the *Patriot* places implicit confidence, was chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee. Why then did not that gentleman organize the party as soon as the Republicans, in May last, had adopted their platform and nominated their candidates? In that platform and in those nominations they surely furnished enough material upon which an aggressive organization of the Democratic party could have been established for immediate action. But Mr. Miller evidently thought that the organization of the Democratic party, for the campaign, should mainly depend upon the nature of the platform and the character of the candidates adopted by the Erie convention, and, therefore, patiently awaited the action of that convention. When that convention did meet at the eleventh hour, it split into two fierce factions in the discussion of a monetary plank with which it really had nothing to do, and, finally, by the adoption of a flagrant heresy committed as great a political blunder as signalized the action of the Baltimore Democratic national convention in 1872 when they nominated Horace Greeley as their candidate for the Presidency! The latter nomination was made by men who were ruled by considerations of EXPEDIENCY, regardless of the pulsations of the Democratic heart, and resulted in the demoralization and defeat of the Democratic party. The adoption of the soft money plank in the Erie platform was also dictated by the advocates of *expediency*, regardless either of principle or the record of the Democratic party! EXPEDIENCY! that prostitute mother of apostacy!

Thus, on the very threshold of the election, the Erie convention gratuitously threw the apple of discord in the midst of its own party, that had, the year before, marched to victory under the banner of hard money; and while the Democracy of the State was violently disturbed by this sudden change of front and subsequently paralysed by the rout of the soft money Democracy of Ohio, the *Patriot* gravely asserts that the hundred thousand disgusted voters who staid at home on the 2d of November could have been rallied and marched to the rescue of the Democratic party by "*a vigorous organization of the party strength!*" This assertion is simply ridiculous. Under such adverse circumstances, no living man,neither the Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, nor even the Hon. Wm. A. Wallace, with all his experience, could, in the limited space of two or three weeks, have rallied and *organized* the Democratic party of Pennsylvania to the support of a platform which had just been smashed to atoms in Ohio, notwithstanding the incomparable organization of the Democratic party in that State, under the guidance of the veteran and experienced chairman of their State Central Committee! The *Patriot* does not seem to have profited by its experience of 1872. Let us hope that its experience of 1875will teach it that the Democracy of Pennsylvania cannot be united in the support either of false gods or false doctrines; all the organized machinery in the world cannot do it, Principle alone will unite them in determined and concerted action.

In the article under consideration the *Patriot* goes on to say: "*One of the prominent blunders of the campaign consisted in deposing the chairman of the State committee who had so prudently and successfully conducted the canvass of last year.*" We are not disposed to deny to Mr. John Miller any praise he may desire for his management of the campaign of 1874; but we do not hesitate to assert that the greatest blunder of the campaign was committed by him, when he and his committee determined to drag the Democratic state convention to the remotest corner of the State, in a little town without accommodations, and that, too, at so late a period of time in the campaign that under the most favorable circumstances there was not sufficient time left for party organization. Whatever may have been Mr. Miller's motives for convening the Democratic convention at the furthest extremity of the State and at so very late a period as the 8th of September,he, by so doing, displayed a want of judgment. The Republican convention having met in May and made their nominations, every consideration of sound policy should have induced the summoning of the Democratic convention to meet at the latest in July last; and, from the fact that Harrisburg is the seat of government and the central railroad point of the State, amply supplied with the best accommodation, both for the convention and its individual members, more cheaply reached from all parts of the commonwealth than any other city in the State, the convention should have been convened at Harrisburg in the interest of the party and of its individual members. The practice which has lately obtained of peddling the Democratic state convention from town to town, in remote, out of the way places, void of proper accommodations, without regard to the comfort of the delegates or the enormous expenses to which they are gratuitously exposed, clashes with the dictates of common fairness and of common sense, and is calculated to excite among the people suspicious of dark intrigues which should not attach to the leaders of a great party.

We agree with the *Patriot* that the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee should be appointed by the convention, not by the candidates, and that his headquarters should be at Harrisburg.

As regards organization for the campaign of 1876, it should commence *immediately*, on the basis of opposition to the re-election of U. S. Grant to third term and take in at once every Republican sincerely opposed to a third term. The first step towards this organization should be immediate prosecution, under the direction of the Democratic State Central Committee, of the individuals concerned in the election frauds perpetrated at the late election in Philadelphia, Luzerne and other localities. It is the impunity allowed every year by the Democratic party to the avowed Republican perpetrators of election frauds, which is the main cause of the demoralization and discouragement of thousands of Democrats who have become disgusted with the bare-faced effrontery with which their political opponents are permitted year after year to cheat them out of their votes.

It is the imperative duty of the Democratic State Central Committee to abate this great wrong. Their predecessors have shamefully neglected that most important duty. But in this imminent political crisis, which must decide the fate of our Republican institutions, we invoke the patriotism, courage and energy of our State Central Committee, and especially of its chairman, to take the first step in the efficient organization of the Democratic party, and thus to infuse new life and fresh courage in the hearts of the devoted patriots,who,year after year, without even the incitement of hope, have marched to the polls and battled in vindication of the Democratic creed, although experience taught them that their leaders have quietly succumbed under the monstrous accumulations of flagrant election frauds without an effort to punish the guilty or vindicate their own cause.

Mr. Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, organize your party in the prosecution of the perverted villains whose trade it is to cheat the people out of their soverign rights, and you will have opened to your party the road to emancipation and victory.

It is disgusting and disgraceful to hear after each election, in this once respectable commonwealth, individuals and newspapers complaining,like crying babies, of notorious election frauds, amounting to thousands of votes, sufficient to exalt and install *minority candidates* over the legitimate choice of the people, and yet not one organized body found to enforce the law against the well known perpetrators of such monstrous misdeeds. Democrats, rouse yourselves! Now is the time to act and ORGANIZE!

"AN OLD DEMOCRAT."

"Getting the Vote Out."

Considering the active and earnest nature of the recent election canvass in Pennsylvania, it is surprising to see how large a proportion of the voters of the Commonwealth stayed at home, or neglected to go the polls. The aggregate vote is six hundred and nine thousand, five hundred and sixty-four (609 564)—not so great an aggregate by more than 63,000 as was cast at the Governor's election in 1872, and not so many votes by more than 46,000 as were cast for President in 1868—seven years ago. Making allowance for the sick and those absent from home on business and otherwise, and for the increase of population since 1872, the absentees at the recent election must number from eighty to ninety thousand. There was thus a great failure all round in the strenuous efforts made to "get out the full vote." About one voter in every eight or nine failed to respond to the appeals made to "rally" him. The Democratic vote is not so heavy by nearly 30,000 as it was for Auditor General seven years ago, and the Republican vote is not so heavy by nearly 38,000 as it was for President in that same year—1868. The highest aggregate vote ever cast in the State was that for Govenor in 1872, when it was 672,344; the highest Republican vote ever cast by Pennsylvania was that for Hartranft in the same year,353,387; and the highest Democratic vote in the Commonwealth was that in 1868 for the Democratic candidate for Auditor General, 321,739.

Thanksgiving.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The following proclamation has been issued;

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

In the abundant crops with which Heaven has blessed us; in the absence of pestilence and want from our midst; in the diminishing distrust that pervades the channels of trade, and the prospect not only of a revival of commerce and manufactures throughout all the States of the country, but of the happy and cordial reunion of the people thereof, the nation has occasion for thankfulness. I respectfully ask, therefore, that the people of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the recommendation of the President of the United States, assemble on the 25th day of November, 1875, to give thanks to the Great Author of all our blessings, and to petition for the continuance of divine favor to our nation and State.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg this eighth day of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and of the Commonwealth the one hundredth.

By the Governor. J. F. HARTRANFT.
M. S. QUAY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Foreign News.

—London, Nov. 13.—While the tide was ebbing to-day a bore or tidal wave, ten feet high, swept up the Parrett river, in Somersetshire. At the Bridgewater dock the gates were burst open, and vessels were broken from their moorings. One vessel was sunk and twenty were more or less damaged. Bores are not unfrequent along the shores of the British Channel, but the one to-day was larger and more destructive than any for a long time. The weather is still inclement. The floods in the inundated parts of England are increasing.

—Poonah, Nov. 13. —The Prince of Wales arrived here to-day and had an enthusiastic reception. His movements after leaving here are uncertain. There are bad accounts of the spread of the cholera in various districts of the Madras presidency. The trip of the Prince to Gairsoppa Falls and his shooting expedition to Baypoor have therefore been abandoned. It is doubtful whether he will even visit Madras.

—Paris, Nov. 14.—The Franco-American Union for the erection of the Centennial statue in New York harbor is organizing a grand fete to take place at the Palais d'Industrie on the 19th inst. President MacMahon, the members of his cabinet, many deputies, and other distinguished persons have subscribed to the statue fund, and several of the principal cities of France have voted contributions.

—London, Nov. 15, 5 A. M.—Disastrous floods are reported throughout England and Ireland, and the streams are also rising. The river Falka, near Dublin,has burst its banks and submerged thousands of acres.

Rome, Nov. 16.—Verdi, the celebrated musical composer, yesterday assumed his seat in the Italian Senate.

SUPREME COURT IN BANC.—Justice Williams has decided the case of The City vs. Edwards et al. He decided that before a property owner could be charged with the paving of the sidewalk in front of his property he must have actual notice, and that leaving a notice on the premises under a stone was no notice at all; that the act of 1843, which applied to the district of Southwark, and which restricted the character of the defence in such cases, does not apply to the city, and was impliedly repealed by the consolidation act, and that if Councils had not ordered the street to be paved the Chief Commissioner of Highway was without a shadow of authority to enter into a contract for the paving of the sidewalks, but if they had he was bound to do it, in accordance with the provisions of the ordinance of May 3, 1855.

—St. Louis is to have a big hotel, with two thousand rooms, at a cost, with furniture of two million dollars. It will be called the Hotel Grande, and will be larger than the new Palace Hotel in San Francisco, which is now unsurpassed in the world in size Construction will begin next spring, Boston capitalists providing the money. Until the erection of the Palace Hotel, the Grand Hotel, in Paris, was without a rival.

Marriages.

FLECKENSTINE—BELLAS.—In Orangeville on Nov. 11th, by the Rev. S. Spear, William Fleckenstine to Miss Hattie Bellas, all of Orangeville.

FULLEN—McMICHAEL.—On the 2d ult., by the Rev. J. A. Irvine, Mr. William Fullen to Miss Sarah McMichael, all of Light Street.

CRESSLER—HOUGHTON.—On the 8th inst., by the Rev. J. P. Tustin, Mr. Lloyd Cressler to Miss Sarah M. Houghton, all of Columbia county.

Deaths.

FOX.—In Pine township on the 16th inst., after a brief illness, Mrs. Catherine, wife of John Fox, aged 40 years, 4 months and 18 days.

BROGLIE.—In Bloomsburg, on the 12th inst., Miss Mary A. F. Broglie, aged 39 years, 1 month and 4 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.30
Corn, new, "	.70
Oats, " "	.40
Flour per barrel	7.00
Shorebrend	1.00
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.28
Eggs	.25
Tallow	.05
Potatoes	.40
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.16
Sides & Shoulders	.12
Lard per pound	.16
Hay per ton	20.00
Beeswax	.30
Timothy Seed	4.50

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 4.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.50 "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$ 4.00 " "
" Bituminous "	$ 6.00 " "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ROB'T JOHNSTON, LATE OF MADISON TOWNSHIP.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Robert Johnston, late of Madison township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Isaac F. Saul, of Washingtonville. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. ISAAC F. SAUL,
Nov. 19,'75-6t Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF ELIZABETH ROBERTS, DEC'D.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Elizabeth Roberts of Sugarloaf twp, Columbia County, deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to Geo. Moore, Sugarloaf twp., Columbia county, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the said estate will make them known to the said administrator without delay.
GEORGE MOORE,
Nov. 19,'75. Administrator.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the undersigned on Book Account prior to June 1st 1875, are requested to call and settle by note or otherwise before January 1st, 1876, as after that all unsettled accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
T. J. SWISHER, M. D.

Having associated with me Dr. Wm. McKelvy, we are prepared to attend promptly to all professional calls in Medicine, Surgery, and Obstetrics. Public patronage is respectfully solicited.
SWISHER & McKELVY.
Jerseytown, Nov. 19—6w.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Columbia county, the undersigned, Administrators of the estate of Phillip Miller, dec'd, will expose to public sale on the premises on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1st, 1875,

the following described real estate, to wit, commencing at 1 o'clock P. M.:

LOT NO. 3. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: on the west by land of James Carr, on the south by lot of Benjamin Miller, on the east by purpart No. 5, and on the north by purpart no. 2, containing 179 perches, whereon is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 8. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: on the west by purparts Nos. 3 and 4 and lot of Benjamin Miller, on the south by purpart No. 1, on the east by purpart No. 6, and on the north by purpart No. 2, containing 2 acres and 59 perches, whereon is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 6. Situate in Centre township aforesaid bounded on the west, south, east and north by purparts nos. 5, 1, 7 and 2 respectively, containing two acres and fifty-nine perches, whereon is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 7. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded on the west, south, east and north by purparts nos. 6, 1, 8 and 2 respectively, containing two acres and fifty nine perches, whereon is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 9. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded on the north, west and south by purparts nos. 2, 8 and 1 respectively, and on the east by purparts nos. 11 and 12 and lot of Andrew Gingles and John W. Shuman, containing two acres and fifty-nine perches, whereon is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 10. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded on the north, east and south by purparts nos 1 and 7, and on the west by purparts nos. 11 and 12 and by lot of Andrew Singles and John W. Shuman, containing two acres and fifty-nine perches, whereon is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 11. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded on the west, north and east by purparts nos. 9, 2 and 10 respectively, and on the south by lot of Andrew Singles and John W. Shuman, containing fifty perches, on which is a

LIMESTONE QUARRY.

LOT NO. 12. Situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded on the north by The Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., on the east, south and west by purparts nos. 10, 1 and 9 respectively, containing fifty perches.

LOT NO. 15. Situate in Main township, county aforesaid, bounded on the north by the Susquehanna River, on the east and south by lands now or late of the heirs of George Longenberger deceased, and on the west by land of ——, containing 112 acres and 84 perches, all wood land.

LOT NO. 16. A wharf lot situate in the village of Espy, Columbia county aforesaid, adjoining the North Branch Canal on the south, an alley on the north and Market street in said town on the west, containing about three-fourths of a square perch.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of the sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi. Purchaser to pay for Deed or Deeds except the purchasers of no. 16—the estate to pay for Deed.
BENJAMIN MILLER,
A. K. SHUMAN,
Nov. 19—te. Administrators.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance to the Orphan's Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 8th day of December, 1875, at 2 o'clock p. m. on said day:

1 The final account of Alfred Eck, guardian of Frances Kistler, minor child of Nathan Kistler, late of Columbia county, deceased.
2 The second and final account of Reuben Miller, executor of John Linden, late of Briarcreek township deceased.
3 The second and final account of Lafayette Creasy and Henry Shaffer, administrators of Peter H. Wenner, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
4 The first and final account of John A. Funston, administrator of Wilson Allen, late of Madison town ship, deceased.
5 The account of James Wardin, executor of William Wardin, late of Centre township, deceased.
6 The first and final account of Isaiah Bower, administrator of Ashel Fowler, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
7 The account of Samuel R. Johnson, administrator of David Johnson, late of Beaver township, deceased.
8 The account of Henry W. Vandersilce, administrator of John B. Vandersilce, late of the town of Bloomsburg deceased.
9 The account of C. W. Miller, guardian of Isabella Mason, minor child of Robert Mason, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.
10 The first and final account of Aaron W. Hess, guardian of Emma Hess, minor child of Charles H. Hess, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
11 The account of Wilson B. Kester, administrator of Sylvester Pealer, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

Register's Office, } W. H. JACOBY,
Bloomsburg, Nov. 8, 1875. } Register.

WIDOWS APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg,in and for said county, on Wednesday, the 8th day of December 1875, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1 Widow of Richard F. Keller, late of Locust township, deceased.
2 Widow of Philip Wilson, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
3 Widow of Abraham Adams, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
4 Widow of John Swisher, late of Madison township, deceased.

Register's Office, } W. H. JACOBY,
Bloomsburg, Nov 8, 1875. } Register.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF HANNAH CURRY, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Margaret Curry, late of Centralia borough county of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Daniel F. Curry, of Centralia borough, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. DANIEL F. CURRY,
Oct. 29-6w. Administrator.

"*Unquestionably the best illustrated work of the kind in the World.*"

HARPER'S MAGAZINE
ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The everdecreasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind.—"Boston Globe."

The character which this magazine possesses for variety, enterprise, artistic wealth, and literary culture which it has kept pace with, if it has not led the times, should excuse its conductors to regard it with justifiable complacency. The magazine has done good and not evil all the days of its life.—"Brooklyn Eagle."

Some of the most popular of modern novels have first appeared in its pages in this magazine. To all respects it is an excellent periodical, and fully deserves its great success.—"Philadelphia Ledger."

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year, $4.00
$4 includes prepayment of United States postage by the publisher.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for One year, $10; or, two of Harper's periodicals, to one address for one year, $7; postage free.

An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $4 each in one remittance; or, six copies for $20 without an extra copy; postage free.

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The Volumes of Harper's Magazine under the title of The First Century of the Republic," contributed by the most eminent American publicists, is now being published in Harper's Magazine. This series of twenty papers gives a comprehensive review of progress during the century now closing,in every department of our national life.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.
Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY for 1876.

The publishers invite attention to the following list of some of the attractive articles secured for Scribner's Monthly, for the coming year. In the field of fiction, besides numerous novelettes and shorter stories, there will be

Two Remarkable Serial Stories
BY AMERICAN AUTHORS.

The first of these, now complete in our hands,

"GABRIEL CONROY,"
by BRET. HARTE,
begins in the November number,
and will run for twelve months.
We shall also begin in the January number,

"PHILIP NOLAN'S FRIENDS,"
or, Show Your Passports,"
by EDWARD EVERETT HALE.

The scene of this story is laid in the south-western territory, now forming the States of Louisiana and Texas, at the time of Aaron Burr's treason. The characters lived in a section which was now American, then French, now Spanish, and this record of their adventurous lives makes a story of intense and unflagging interest throughout.

A SECOND "FARMER'S VACATION,"
by COL. GEO. E. WARING, Jr.

Col. Waring is now in Europe, visiting, in a row-boat ride of two hundred and fifty miles, one of the most fertile and interesting of the vine-growing valleys of Europe. The second series of papers promises to be even more interesting than that with which our readers are already familiar.

CENTENNIAL LETTERS,
edited by JOHN V. CHENY.

A rare collection of Revolutionary Letters, mainly from stores in the hands of the descendents of Col Joseph Ward. They are full of interest, and will form read with a rare relish in connection with the Centennial celebration of the year.

Brilliantly Illustrated Articles on
AMERICAN COLLEGES.
Written respectively by their friends, will appear during the year.

OLD NEW YORK.

Elegantly illustrated articles on Old New York, by John F. Mines, will appear at once, and we attract the attention of all, in city or country, who mark with interest the development of the great metropolis, and affectionately remember the quaint peculiarities of its olden time.

Every number is profusely illustrated, thus enabling us to give to our descriptive and narrative articles an interest and permanent value never attained in a non-illustrated periodical.

The Editorial Departments
occupy over twenty pages of each number, and contain fully detailed, vigorous and timely editorials, as well as reviews of the latest works in Art, Literature, and Science.

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do. do. bound in half morocco, 30.00

Vols. begin in November and May. Any of the earlier volumes to VIII(will be supplied seperately at prices that will enable them to fill any of the above sets, at this rate, i. e., cloth, $2; half morocco, $3.

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SCRIBNER & CO., 743 Broadway, New York.

PUBLIC SALE OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

The undersigned, Administrators of the estate of John Mensch, late of Franklin township, columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale on

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 5th, 1875

in the premises in Franklin township aforesaid a tract of land situate in Franklin township, adjoining lands of Michael Mensch, Benjamin Ford, Jonathan Lohrman and others, containing

115 ACRES AND 26 PERCHES

of good quality of land in good state of cultivation, on which is erected a large and commodious

BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

outhouses, bank barn, sheds, &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, when conditions of sale will be made known.
MICHAEL MENSCH,
JESSE MENSCH,
Franklin twp., Nov. 8th-4w. Administrators.

Juries for Sept. Term, 1875.

GRAND JURORS.

Bloom—M. Wynkoop, Daniel Bowman.
Benton—Hiram Ash, Michael Hartman.
Berwick—A. S. Phillips.
Centre—Lafayette Creasy, Samuel Creveling.
Catawissa—J. L. Shuman, Daniel Gearhart.
Fishing Creek—Isaac Labour, John Wenner.
Franklin—Montgomery Reeder.
Greenwood—Elijah Kisner.
Hemlock—Eli Oil, Samuel Ale
Locust—Joseph Sanders.
Mifflin—Joseph G. Swank, Samuel Snyder, W. V. Brown.
Pine—William Karshner, Asher Fullmer.
Scott—J. K. Fowler, F. P. Kelley, Charles Brown.

TRAVERSE JURORS.
FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—A. McDowell, J. F. Wildeman, C. M. Brown
B. F. Hartman, James C. Brown, John Leacock, George Correll, S. H. Miller
Benton—Earl Boston, John O. Dildine, S. F. Karnes, William Appleman
Berwick—Henry Bower, Alfred Bower.
Briarcreek—Henry Donk, William L. Freas, David Shaffer Jr., Freas Fowler.
Catawissa—B P. Fortner
Centralia—James Dyke.
Fishingcreek—Aaron Hess,

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 1875

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,.....	6.45 A. M.	7.50 A. M.
Mail Train	7.36 A. M	5. 3 P. M
Express Train	1.46 P. M.	11.54 A. M
" "	5.51 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train .....,	6.28 A. M.	7.20 P. M.
Regular Express	3.08 P. M.	11.35 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

NOTICE.

All contracts made by Mr. Dieffenbach for advertisements, and pre-paid subscriptions will be carried out by the present proprietors of this paper. Business cards in the directory will be continued, at the old rates, unless otherwise ordered, and will date from Oct. 1st, 1875. Indebtedness to the COLUMBIAN on any account from July 1st, 1873, to Oct. 1st, 1875, will settle with Mr. Dieffenbach. Persons desiring to stop their paper, if any, and those wishing to subscribe or to have their post office changed, will please notify us at once. The paper will be continued to old subscribers unless otherwise ordered. Owing to the great amount of work incident upon taking charge of the office we have not had time to change the dates on the printed directions. Next week they will be changed to Oct. 8th, 1875.

Our legal duties will not be neglected by reason of our having taken charge of this paper One member of the firm, and both, when necessary, will constantly look after the interests of our clients.

FOR RENT.—A room on the first floor of the Ent building. For further particulars inquire of Mrs. M. E. ENT. Nov.12–2w.*

DON'T FORGET THE CONCERT ON NOVEMBER 25, AT THE OPERA HOUSE. TICKETS AT GEO A CLARK'S.

Thanksgiving services will be held at the Presbyterian church at 10½ A. M.

Wayne McVeagh, Cameron's son-in-law, has declined the position of Attorney General. It had not been tendered him.

The new block of William Gilmore is approaching completion, and makes a fine addition to the street. The glass front will be finished in a few days.

Postmaster Beckley crows over the gain of the Republicans in Beaver. True they gained 37 votes, *but at the same time we gained* 114. We can afford such results for a long time to come.

We were mistaken last week in saying that the horse lost by Dr. Reber had been driven from Lewisburg the day before it died. It was driven but three or four miles, and showed no symptoms of sickness until after his return.

We are informed by competent authority that Mayberry G. Hughes of Catawissa has purchased the entire interest of C. R. Paxton in upper Lime Ridge for the sum of $12,000 cash. Low Benn & Co. are operating the quarries.

The Thespians will occupy the Opera House on the evening of December 3d. The plays now in rehearsal will be sure to please the large audience that will undoubtedly attend. Proceeds are for the benefit of the Normal School.

Street Commissioner Barton is at work on Centre street above Main, grading the road and paving the gutter. It is to be hoped that some arrangement may soon be made by which the street can be opened its full width up to Rosemont cemetery.

"INQUIRER."—You are mistaken. Schuylkill is not an Indian name, but the river was named by the Dutch, its first discoverers, and means "hidden river." Susquehanna has its origin from Sosas-quehan-nunk, an Indian word meaning "a crooked, or winding river."

We learn that Samuel Bogart of Rohrsburg was furnished with a coat of tar on Friday morning last. We are not informed, who committed this act, but whether Bogart deserved it or not, it was a cowardly and disgraceful deed, and the perpetrators ought to be punished.

On Wednesday last the passenger car on the L. & B. R. R. was discovered to be on fire while at Rupert. It originated from the stove pipe, and was between the ceiling and the roof of the car. An axe soon made an opening, and water from the engine promptly extinguished the flames.

WANTED IN PENNSYLVANIA!—A Democratic statesman.—BLOOMSBURG "COLUMBIAN.

How would Brockway do, for instance?—*Pittsville Standard.*

A decided improvement on a the Hughes and Wright class,—galvanized specimens of a dead last.

Now that the deer season has opened we learn from exchanges that numbers are being killed by hunting parties. The prospects for lovers of venison are encouraging. Bears also have grown bold, and come out of their haunts to see what the people are about. Bruin's curiosity has cost him his life in several instances, thus early in the season.

THE FARMERS' CLUB OF LOCUST.—An active, earnest organization has been formed in Locust for the purpose of self protection. They propose to obtain a charter and extend their organization. The main object seems to be to purchase supplies at the least possible rates directly from the manufacturer. By request C. B. Brockway addressed the Club on last Saturday evening.

When will the city of Wilkesbarre have some manufacturing enterprise to keep pace with other inland cities? It has an abundance of coal, water, wood, in ores, woman and men. Why they cooperate? We fear the spirit of enterprise is wanting.—*Le ayette Union.*

All we have to say is that if Wilkes-Barre don't succeed under such circumstances, it is not the fault of "the wa ter, men, woman, &c."

Miller, of the Exchange, is one of the most accommodating clerks in the State. And he likes to see people keep their word. We are told that a traveller who intended to take the 1.46 train was on the point of changing his mind but Miller insisted on his carrying out his intentions. A few days ago Dr. —— of Benton was on a visit here, and got tired, very tired. The stage came round, it was time to go, and the Dr. could not get in. Miller, seeing the situation, met it like a hero. He picked the Dr. up, put him in the stage, and both were happy.

A step in the right direction has been taken by our young people, who have organized "Sociable" for the enjoyment of the long winter evenings. The material for excellent society is not wanting here, the only lacking element being sociability. It is to be hoped that these gatherings will cure that defect, and then Bloomsburg can boast of as large and as refined a circle of "youth and beauty" as any town in the interior. The "sociables" are to be held every two weeks, and dancing will be the chief amusement.

Last Monday night a party of young men from Buckhorn started on a 'coon hunt. When near the Montour county line one of the "varmints" was treed, but so high was his place of refuge that several shots from the guns of the party failed to dislodge it. One of the hunters, a young man named Shoemaker, volunteered to ascend the tree and drive the 'coon out of the top. After climbing to a height of more than thirty feet, he in some manner missed his hold and fell to the ground, dislocating his ankle and bruising himself badly. He was cared for by his companions and will recover from the effects of his fall, but we doubt if he hunts 'coons again this season.

THE BLOOMSBURG QUARTETTE CLUB WILL APPEAR IN THE CONCERT NEXT THURSDAY EVENING. TICKETS AT GEO. A. CLARK'S.

Geo. R. Ellett, late foreman of the *Republican* office, has retired from that position, and will engage in some other business at an early day. —*Clinton Democrat.*

The county commissioners will meet again on next Monday, the 22d, at their office to meet the balance of the collectors who failed to report on last Monday as directed by letter.

Estray or lost, a white sow pig, weighing ninety pounds, with ring in nose. Information of its whereabouts would be thankfully received by SAMUEL NEYHARD,
Lime Ridge, Pa.

Indian summer, with its hazy, lazy days, is over, and this morning (Wednesday) the ground appears in a heavy coat of frost, and the thermometer has gone down many degrees. Those who have not yet adjusted their prof ne stove pipes had better be about it.

COMING BACK.—H. L. Dieffenbach, Esq., visited Lock Haven this week and is now at Hamburg, preparatory to making Clinton his home again. He has taken the house on Fairview Street now occupied by Mr. Blewett, and will ere long take possession.—*Clinton Democrat.*

Young Billmeyer, of Liberty twp., who was wounded so badly in the head some few weeks since by the discharge from a gun, is still in a precarious condition. He is obliged to lie on his back whilst the process of forming a thickening over the brain is proceeding—which process is very slow. A remarkable case.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

On Wednesday of last week while Lyman B. Brown of Colley township, this county, was gathering shellbarks from a tree near Forksville, he slipped and fell to the ground, a distance of twenty feet, breaking his back, from the effects of which he died on Friday. He was 65 years of age, and leaves a large circle of friends and relatives.—*Sullivan Co. Democrat.*

Despite the hard times no town in the State of the same size has made such material progress as Bloomsburg. New buildings are constantly going up, and laboring men have employment. The wages, it is true, are meagre, but any work now is better than the poor house. Much credit is also due our Town authorities and poor directors for economical management.

The concert at the Opera House next Thursday evening promises to be one of the best of the kind ever given in Bloomsburg. The Quartette Club will take a prominent part, and their singing, as well as all the selections, will be of a character to please every body. The object has been to make a programme that the people will appreciate, and not one that is calculated only to display skill in execution. Secure seats *now!*

For the benefit of those who are in the hat it of placing stamps on various parts of an envelope, it is stated that the department has ordered all letters to be sent to the dead letter office that have not stamps on the proper place—the upper right hand corner. It is just as easy to place it where it ought to be for the convenience of the mailing clerk, as it is to stick it on any other corner or the back of the envelope.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.—The largest clothing house in America is that of the firm whose name heads this notice, and is located at Sixth and Market streets, Philadelphia. Read what they say in their advertisement on the third page of this paper. They will do all they promise, and will give each purchaser a guarantee that their goods are sold as low as possible, and then will take them back inside of ten days, if unworn and the customer is not satisfied with them.

Of the estate of Philip Miller there was sold by the administrators, on Tuesday last, the homestead farm to Mrs. Gingles for $3104.58; and the back farm was sold to Lloyd Shuman for $2150.00. A couple of other lots were disposed of, but all the quarry lots and the river hill farm or one hundred and twelve acres remain unsold, and the sale was continued till the first day of December at one o'clock P. M., on the quarry premises.

The centennial tea party given by the ladies of the Lutheran Church on Friday and Saturday evenings proved a grand success. The tables were filled with all the good things that a congregated people could summon, and in addition to this the ancient dress represented by the waiters, and the relics on exhibition, some of which dated back as far as two thousand years, were of great interest to those who gave them a call. The proceeds amounted to over two hundred dollars.

We hear a great deal about the Postmaster General's "fast" mails in other parts of the country. We can boast of one in this section. About three times a week the morning mail gets as far as Northumberland, where by some means or other it becomes "fast" and sticks there until afternoon. We do not know to whom we are indebted for this delay, but whether it is the fault of the mail agents or of the rail road companies we do know that it is a great nuisance and ought to be abated.

Any information of a little girl named Ellen Gilroy, twelve years old, with brown hair and blue eyes, who wore a black and red shawl when she left home in February last, will be thankfully received by her mother, who resides in Brownstown, near Pittston, and who sent her to the store to make some purchases, since which time she has heard nothing of her. Address Margaret Gilroy, Pittston. Papers copying this notice will confer a favor on a worthy poor woman.

The contract for the heating of the Normal School building has been allotted to Rollins & Holmes at the sum of $8870. The material is to be entirely new, and the boilers non-explosive pipe steam generators of the best manufacture. They expect to heat the Chapel building and Hemlock Hall within thirty days. They are now in New York engaged in selecting materials for the work, which will be entered upon at once. By Christmas certainly every thing will be in working order.

MESSRS EDITORS:—The senior editor of the *Republican* and chairman of the Republican Standing Committee of the county asserts "that not a cent was spent by the Republicans to compel a single vote in the county." What became of the five hundred dollars that good Republicans of the county allege was sent to Mr. Chairman Beckley? I understand he denies this, asserting and admitting that he only received two hundred dollars. Pray, may I imagine what was done with this? Was it used as a corruption fund, or given as a compensation for the valuable services rendered by Mr. Chairman in increasing the Democratic vote in the county? Or did he do the other thing with it? Mr. Chairman you have the floor. X.

A girl of unsound mind was turned out of Conyngham township poor house last week. On Saturday female apparel, identified as hers, was found hanging on a tree close by a dam of water, near Centralia, and it is generally believed that the unfortunate girl drowned herself. We have not learned that the body has yet been recovered.—*Ashland Advocate.*

The above, which has appeared in several of our exchanges, is incorrect. The girl named was not in the Conyngham poor house, but came from the Schuylkill county poor house. We make this correction in justice to the overseers of the Conyngham and Centralia poor district, as the article above is worded in such a manner as to cast reflection upon them.

GOOD MUSIC MAY BE EXPECTED AT THE OPERA HOUSE ON THANKSGIVING NIGHT. EVERY BODY WILL BE THERE. TICKETS AT GEO. A. CLARK'S.

The *Kennesaw Route Gazette*, for November, a monthly journal devoted to railway interests, literature, art and humor, comes to us in a fine new dress this month. It is published at Atlanta, Ga., by B. W. Wrenn, General Passenger Agent, at twenty-five cents per year. Send for sample copy.

One dark night, not long ago, a burglar entered a private residence. On ascending one flight of stairs he observed a light in a chamber, and while deliberating what to do, a large woman descended the stairs, seized him by the throat, pushed him down through the hall, and forced him into the street before he had time to think. "Heroic repulse of a burglar by a woman" was the way the story was told next day. But when friends called and congratulated her upon her courage, she exclaimed: "Good gracious! I didn't know it was a burglar! If I had I should have been frightened to death. I thought it was my husband come home drunk, and I was determined he shouldn't stay in the house in that condition."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday, Nov. 10, at 1.30 P. M., Gideon Hunsecker, Martin Stiney, and Charles Allen were blasting some very heavy rock work at Glen City colliery, J. A Lesee, proprietor, and the men, having drilled a hole, charged and fired the fuse. After waiting but a short time for the blast to explode, the men returned to the work, and Hunsecker undertook to drill out the charge He had just commenced when it exploded. Stiney and Allen were thrown against the side of the tunnel, and Hunsecker, who was standing directly before the blast, was thrown some distance. Part of his skull was cut from the head, leaving the brain exposed, face and eyes badly cut, one arm badly mashed, and a large hole cut into his body at the upper part of his breast. He remained insensible, and died in four hours. Stiney and Allen were not seriously injured, and are doing well.

COMIN' THRO' THE RYE.—An exchang says that the popular opinion of the meaning of "Coming through the Rye," is entirely erroneous. His theory is that the poet alludes ro the river "Rye," through which the girls had to wade on their way to market, and that custom sanctioned the theft of a kiss, if the lassie was met in mid-stream. To support his theory he refers the reader to the original, and argues from it that the lass wet her clothes in the stream.

"Jennie is a wat, puir ladie;
Jennie's seldom dry;
She drag't a her petticoatie,
Comin' through the Rye."

Now, in this short verse are two proofs that our contemporary is wrong, and that popular opioion is right. The printer has cleverly added his theory by setting "rye" with a capital R, as if it was the name of a river, but Burn's wrote it, and his Scotch publisher printed it as it was intended, "ryee" that is grain. Again, the word "drag it" is a Scotticism for spattered or spotted, which precisely expresses the condition of "puir Jennie's petticoates" while dawdling through a field of half, or quarter grown rye, wheat, or oats, after a heavy dew, or a shower of rain. Any one who has been in the country in the spring, and observed the milk maid tripping through the grass will understand the poet's meaning at a glance.

Home News.

—It now appears that the steamer Pacific which was lost on the Pacific ocean recently, collided with a sailing vessel, the Orpheus, which was soon after wrecked, on the coast. The captain and crew of the Orpheus were saved. But two survivors of the Pacific have been rescued. The collision is attributed to carelessness on the part of the captain of the steamer.

—In the town of Junius, N. Y, recently, a man named Theodore Bodine, who was feeding a threshing machine, was killed in a curious manner. He and others were threshing loose oats. A coil of fence wire had somehow got mixed with the grain, and he shoveled it unseen into the hopper. One end of it caught in the cylinder and the other end around his neck, and quicker than a flash his head was drawn upon the machine and torn from his shoulders. It was only when blood and brains were seen coming out of the spout below with threshed grain that the man underneath attending to that part of the work called the attention of the others to the fact that something awful had taken place. The unfortunate man leaves a wife and two children.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."—See Deuteronomy, xii: 23. The blood being the source from which the system is built up, and from which we derive our mental as well as physical capabilities, how vile, festering poisons, all organic functions become enfeebled. Settling upon important organs, as the lungs, liver, and kidneys, the effect is most disastrous. Hence it behooves all to keep their blood in a perfectly healthy condition, and more especially does this apply at this particular season of the year than at any other. No matter what the exciting cause may be, the real cause of a large proportion of all diseases is bad blood. Now, Dr. Pierce does not wish to place his Golden Medical Discovery in the catalogue of quack patent nostrums, by recommending it to cure every disease, nor does he so recommend it; on the contrary, there are hundreds of diseases that he acknowledges it will not cure, but what he claims is this, that there is but one form of *blood* disease that it will not cure, and that disease is cancer. He does not recommend his Discovery for that disease, yet he knows it to be the most purifying blood-cleanser yet discovered, and that it will free the blood and system of all other blood-poisons, be they animal, vegetable, or mineral. The Golden Medical Discovery is *Warranted* by him to cure the worst forms of Skin Diseases, as all forms of Blotches, Pimples, and Eruptions; also all Glandular Swellings, and the worst form of Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores of the Neck, Legs, or other parts, and all Scrofulous Diseases of the Bones, as White Swellings, Fever Sores, Hip-joint and Spinal Diseases,—all of which belong to Scrofulous diseases.

CONFIRMED.—HIP-JOINT DISEASE CURED. *W. Grove Station, Iowa.*

DR. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—My wife first became lame nine years ago. Swellings would appear and disappear on her hip, and she was gradully becoming reduced, and her whole system rotten with disease. In 1871, a swelling broke on her hip, discharging large quantities, and since that time there are several openings. Have had five doctors, at an expense of $122, who say nothing will do any good but a surgical operation.

July 16, 1875, he writes thus: My wife has certainly received a great benefit from the use of your Discovery, for she was not able to get off the bed and was not expected to live a week when she commenced using it, a year ago. She has been doing most of her work for over six months. Has used twenty bottles, and still using it. Her recovery is considered as almost a miracle, and we attribute it all to the use of your valuable medicine. I can cheerfully recommend it as a blood-purifier and strength-restorer. J. M. ROBINSON.

Golden Medical Discovery is sold by Druggists.

Singer, the sewing machine man, left five wives and 22 children living. He bequeaths to the last married of his wives a life interest in his estate in England, valued at $4,000,000, $5,500,000 to her six children and $3,000,000 to the rest of the children. If all these Singers get to quarreling over his will there will be music.

THE ENTERTAINMENT AT THE OPERA HOUSE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE NORMAL SCHOOL WILL BE OF AN EXCELLENT CHARACTER, DON'T FAIL TO SHOW YOUR INTEREST IN THE SCHOOL BY ATTENDING. TICKETS AT GEO. A. CLARK'S.

News Items.

—Stonewall Jackson's first and real name was Thomas Jonathan.

—There will be a grand review of the First division of Philadelphia troops on Thanksgiving Day.

—The old Pennsylvania freight depot, in Philadelphia, is being put in readiness for Moody and Sankey.

—Baron Rothchild, who is now on a visit to this country, lately had an interview with Brigham Young in Salt Lake City.

—During the last three months nearly one thousand hogs have died of cholera in Shelby county Indiana.

—The revival at Trinity church Danville, is still increasing in interest and in the numbers in attendance.

—"Let's retire twenty cents of the redeemable" is the way they put it now in Calhoun, Ky, when they want to "inflate" a couple of drinks.

—Some contemptible Radical editor wants to know what Piollet, who is "interested in a mowing machine," thinks of the Republican "threshing" machine?

—Don Pedro II, Emperor of Brazil, will leave Rio Janeiro in March, 1876, for Europe, After a short visit there he will attend the Centennial Celebration in the United States.

—The Sunbury *Daily* has suspended publication indefinitely. Sunbury is evidently not a healthy locality for a daily newspaper.

—Gen. McClellan thinks the Democrats will succeed in the next Presidential election if the Congress which meets in December legislates wisely.

—Hon. Alex. H. Stephens is expected to be able to take his seat in Congress next session, having almost entirely recovered from his serious illness.

—Wm. J. Hancock, of Danville, sports a pair of boots made from the hide of a six hundred dollar team which he owned, and which he lost by accident.

—His friends have heard from Geo. B. Renn, at San Francisco. He left for California several weeks ago, with the object of introducing Patton's petroleum gas in that section of country.

—Vice President Wilson was taken suddenly and alarmingly ill at Washington on Wednesday, 10, inst. He was resting comfortably on Wednesday night, and hopes are entertained of his speedy recovery.

—A building will be erected on the Centennial grounds for the shoe and leather trade, where the products of that industry and the modes of manufacture will be exhibited.

—Leonard Cox, cashier in the Broadway office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, has been discovered to be a defaulter to the extent of $13,000 and has made a confession.

—It is intimated that Mr. New will soon resign the position of United States Treasurer and quit the office about New Year's. The reasons for this step are the requirements of his private business in Indiana.

—The two great express companies of the United States, the Adams and the American, employ about 8,000 men, 4,900 horses, 1,200 wagons, and use 3,000 iron safes. Their agents travel more than 100,000 miles daily, or more than 32,000,000 miles annually.

—Anthony Lenehan who murdered Captain Reiley near Wilkes-Barre on Sept. 15, 1874, has been captured in La Salle, Ill., through the instrumentality of the Coal and Iron police. He has been fully indentified as the man who is wanted, and is now lying in jail at Wilkes-Barre.

—In Lehigh county a little girl was on a chair in the second story of the house, and falling or stepping down she struck a loaded gun, which was discharged and the contents sent into her throat, killing her instantly.

—Rev S. H. Thompson, pastor of the Presbyterian church, at Lewisburg, a few days ago had the tempting offer of $5,000 a year and an elegant parsonage, as successor to Rev. Dr. Chambers, of Philadelphia. The reverend gentleman declined the offer.

—An old man by the name of Jerry Osborne was found hanging to a tree near Factoryville, Wyoming county, Friday afternoon, by a couple of hunters. The coroner's jury rendered the verdict that he died by his own hands while temporarily insane.

—The manufacture of peanut oil is becoming an important industry at the South It was first made as a substitute for olive oil during the war, when the latter could not be had. It is much cheaper than olive or almond oil, and keeps both color and sweetness better than the former.

—Edward Wright, of Brooklyn, Pa., near Foster township, met with a horrible death on Saturday last. He was at work on a scaffolding twenty feet from the ground, and while in the act of swinging a heavy beam around, which was suspended by tackling over him the same broke, and smashed his head into an unrecognizable mass. He was 24 and lately married.

—The complete skeleton of a mastodon, which would stand about eleven feet high, was found recently near Circleville, Orange county, N. Y. The bones were too decomposed for removal, except the teeth and one thigh bone, the cap of which is as large as a human skull.

—We are glad to hear that Orville Grant has stopped selling whiskey to the Indians, and is now hauling Delewrae white oak for use in our navy yards. For this we are indebted to a suggestion of the President, who recently observed to his brother: "Orville, I don't think it looks well for two members of the family to be in the whiskey business, and you know I can't get out."

The bottom reached!!

Extraordinary low prices.

1,000 yards Amoskeag and Garner Prints at six and seven cents per yard just opened at the popular cheap cash store of

W. P. JONES & Co.,
Catawissa, Pa.

Silk Handkerchiefs in endless variety at Clark & Wolf's.

C. C. Marr sells cheap for Ready Pay. ("Old Trust is Dead.")

Look out for Clark & Wolf next week. They intend reducing the prices of their dress goods.

Moyer Bros. have received a car load of Calcined Plaster and Sand. Builders would do well to consult their prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Collars and Ties in great variety at Clark & Wolf's.

For a Nobby Hat go to
D. Lowenberg's.

Towels, Table Linen, &c, very low at Clark & Wolf's.

One ton of Lewis' Lead bought on the decline at Moyer Bros.

A splendid line of Satin Neck wear for Gents, in Bows, Scarfs, Ties, &c., at
D. Lowenberg's

C. C. Marr sells Gum Diapers.

Cold blows the wind. So go and get a Good Warm Suit at
D. Lowenberg's.

C. C. Marr sells Sewing Machine Needles and Oil.

Black Cashmeres at Clark & Wolf's.

When you go to Philadelphia stop at the Allegheny House, No. 812 and 814 Market street; having been recently renovated, Price only $2 per day. A. BECK,
March 19,'75–1y Proprietor.

TOWANDA BOOTS! TOWANDA BOOTS. The best and most reliable for every one to buy. Try them. For sale at McKinney's.

Ladies, look at Clark & Wolf's beaver cloth. They have something new and cheap in that line.

Black, Brown, Blue, Red and Drab Velveteen at C. C. Marr's.

Look Here—I. W. Hartman ordered on Monday over 5+ pieces of New Goods to arrive on Wednesday or Thursday of this week.

OVER-COATS! OVER-COATS!
For Men, Youths and Boys,
Great Bargains at
D. Lowenberg's.

Ladies' ready made coats at Clark & Wolf's.

Hard times no more. Cheer up boys, procure a genuine Key West or Havana Cigar at Hendershott's Drug Store, and smoke dull care away.

Centennial Seamless Bags 30 cents a piece at M. M. Russel's.

Moyer Bros, sell Rosendale Cement at the lowest figures.

Lots of new goods next week at Clark & Wolf's, cheap.

Geo. A Clark has just received a Large Assortment of Paperies. The largest lot ever brought into this section of the United States. Price from 10 cents to $1 a box.

CALF SHOES AT E. M. KNORR'S FOR $2.00 PER PAIR.

A large line of Collars and Cuffs at Clark & Wolf's.

A new lot of Appleton "A" Muslin at I. W. Hartman's for 9 cents cash.

C. C. Marr sells Floor and Table Oil Cloth very cheap.

For a Good Cheap Overcoat go to
D. Lowenberg's.

Ladies, call at Clark & Wolf's and look at their line of Laces, consisting of the new styles in Point de Gaze, Yak, Guipure and other laces.

FARM FOR SALE—Containing 54 acres, in Scott township, one-half mile from Bloomsburg. Good buildings, splendid water, and a first class stone quarry on the premises. Price $5,000
W. J. BECKALEW,
Real Estate Agent.

Lots of Fancy Goods for the Holidays next week at Clark & Wolf's.

At the Central Tea Store can be found new crop Raisins, Prunes, Sardines, French and Spanish Olives Sapsago Cheese, Thanksgiving brand Mince Meat, choice Cream Cheese and other new goods.

Embroidered Slipper patterns at Clark & Wolf's.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.

A. Lewis, Hacksteer, Bloomsburg, will pay the highest price in cash for Calves, Dried Berries and Eggs. Oct. 29–1w*

Great reduction in the price of Dress Goods at Clark & Wolf's next week. Call early so you may have the first choice.

Tobacco, Cigars and Confectionery at wholesale, very low, by M. M. Russell.

Oysters of fine selection, at M. M. Russell's.

Mens, Ladies' and Children's woolen Hose at E. M. Knorr's.

Rubber Boots at McKinney's.

A few more of those cheap prints yet at Clark & Wolf's.

FARMERS, ATTENTION.—RUSSEL takes Butter Eggs, Lard and Produce in exchange for goods

Mens Gum Coats, Boys Gum Boots, Ladies, Misses and Children Rubbers at E. M. Knorr's.

Choice variety of Cranberries and Mince Meat at M. M. Russell's.

All Coal stated and screened before leaving the old established coal yard of C. W. NEAL & BRO. 32tf

Good clean Coal to be had only of C. W. Neal & Bro. 32tf

If you want a good Ham,
If you want cheap and good Tea,
If you want Coffee—Java or Rio,
If you want good Canned Fruit,
If you want the best Mackerel,
If you want Sugar for the least money,
If you want the best Syrups in town,
If you want good Cigars,
If you want good Tobacco,
If you want anything in the Grocery and Provision line, go to RUSSELL'S, Main street. tf-25

Don't be worried and annoyed with not only a poor quality of Coal but dirty and slaty besides, but buy of C. W. NEAL & BRO. who deal only in the best qualities. 32tf

$2.00 buys a good pair of Ladies Shoes at McKinney's. Call and examine.

HELP TO MOTHERS NURSING INFANTS.—It is a conceded fact that mothers who have the care, anxiety and draught of nursing infants are weak and need the aid of some strengthening tonic to make up the nourishment required for the growth of the child. Ale, porter, and lager beer have often been recommended. Of late, since physicians have become aware that Port Grape Wine produced by Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., is strictly pure they have prescribed it instead of ale and porter. This wine is principally sough for by mothers who have nursing infants as the best supply medium to be found. The wine is rich in body and not intoxicating but gently stimulating. Druggists generally keep it, and sell it for a dollar a bottle.—*Enquirer.*

C. W. NEAL & BRO., spare no expense to send out nice Coal. 32tf

Wyoming Seminary and Commercial College, Kingston, Luzerne county, Pa., has accommodations for 175 boarders and 200 day scholars. Students received at any time and charged for board from the time of admission. Students prepared for college, teaching and business. Commercial course and telegraphy unsurpassed. Common English studies thoroughly taught. College preparatory course equal to that of any other school. Send for a catalogue and a Commercial Journal to Rev. D. Copeland, Ph. D. Commercial students address Prof. L. L. Sprague.

If you want a first class Farm Wagon,
If you want a Platform Pleasure Wagon,
If you want an Elliptic Spring Wagon,
If you want a Pleasure Wagon,
If you want your Wagon put in good trim,
If you want repairs done good with short notice, Go to J. R. FAUS.

Farmers in want of first class articles of Threshers and Cleaners; also, one and two horse Tread Powers, call on or address J. M. Hulbhizer, Light Street, Columbia County, Pa. 3m*

COAL. COAL
Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of
Domestic,
Cupola,
Black-smith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.
COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

IS IT YOU

Who said that you would like to get such Clothing as City People wear, rather than the *wholesale goods* commonly sold? This will tell you how to do it.

The very large increase of our business allows us to make A STILL LOWER SCALE OF PRICES, AND

You Can Save Enough
in buying a Suit at Oak Hall

TO PAY FOR THE TRIP

from anywhere in this County to the City of Philadelphia, and have a day of sight-seeing besides. Wanamaker & Brown stand by this Statement, and so will you after one trial.

Character of the Goods we sell? For Men & Boys.

TO be sure of what we sell we manufacture our goods, some of them in our own building. They are well cut, sewed and finished. They can be relied upon. Storekeepers out of the city misrepresent us when they say they sell our goods as we do not wholesale, but confine ourselves to retail. We bear no ill-will to any one, and state this only because some dealers sell poor goods on coming from our house. To each of our customers we are responsible for articles bought of us. By our plan of Ticketing the *right names* of the materials on our goods, no one can be misled as to qualities.

How Wanamaker & Brown treat their CUSTOMERS.

THE price in plain figures and *nothing off*. The same price to acquaintances and strangers. To city people and country people equal advantages. With each article sold, a *Guarantee* is given, that the Price is as low as it can be bought anywhere, and that the quality is as represented; also, that the money will be paid back in full, if purchaser within 10 days wishes, for any reason, to return the goods, unworn.

Exactly where the Store is.

THIS is important indeed, because unprincipled people having stores in Philadelphia, cover *bright* our signs, cards, advertisements, and trap strangers on the street, *with false directions* about where the store is, so that they may sell their counterfeit goods. There is but one Oak Hall in Philadelphia, it is a large building, the size of four ordinary stores, and is on the South-east corner of SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH and Market Streets.

Those who cannot come to the City.

WE send patterns of material and prices by mail when requested. Persons can have made-up goods sent by Express, by sending their measure (we furnish easy directions that any one can measure by), and describing color wanted, and price desired. Payment can be made to the Express Co. on receipt of goods, and the privilege of examining them is allowed before paying. Where goods do not please, we will return the money and pay the expressage back to Philadelphia.

You should be sure to see our name on the Building and over the door as you enter.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

GEORGE A. CLARK,

BOOK SELLER AND STATIONER,

Dealer in Law Blanks, Sunday School Libraries, Depository of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.

Store in Exchange Hotel Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, 1875—

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Schenck's Pulmonic syrup, for the cure of consumption, coughs and colds.

The great virtue of this medicine is that it ripens the matter and throws it out of the system, purifies the blood, and thus relieves a cure.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic, for the cure of dyspepsia, indigestion, &c.

The Tonic produces a healthy action of the stomach, creating an appetite, forming chyle, and curing the most obstinate cases of indigestion.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the cure of liver complaint, &c.

These pills are alterative, and produce a healthy action of the liver without the least danger, as they are free from calomel, and yet more effectual in restoring a healthy action of the liver.

These remedies are a certain cure for consumption as the pulmonic syrup ripens the matter and purifies the blood. The mandrake pills act upon the liver, create a healthy flow, and remove all diseases of the liver, often a cause of consumption. The sea weed tonic goes to the stomach, and through it to the blood, makes a good digestion, and enables the organs to form good blood, and thus creates a healthy circulation of healthy blood. The combined action of these medicines, as this explained, will cure every case of consumption, if taken in time and the use of the medicines persevered in.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, corner Sixth and Arch sts., Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed.

Take Ayer's Pills for all the purposes of a purgative, for constipation, indigestion, headache, and for costiveness. By universal accord they are the best of all purgatives for family use.

THE BEST PROTECTION.

The best safeguards against epidemic disease are thorough digestion and firm nerves. It is because they assist the regular performance of the digestive process, and invigorate the nervous system that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are such a sovereign protective against the influences which beget intermittent maladies and those which directly affect the stomach and bowels. If the nerves are healthfully tranquil, the secretions of food perfect, as they are sure to be under the influence of this standard tonic and nervine, malaria may be defied; and if, in the absence of the most reliable of medical safeguard, the system has fallen a prey to disease of an intermittent or remittent type, the Bitters will, if persisted in, eradicate every vestige of the malady. Biliousness, constipation, and dyspepsia yield with equal certainty to the operation of this potent vegetable alternative.

It is no wonder that invalids lose faith in specifics when so many worthless medicines are advertised for the cure of various diseases, but which, when tried are "found wanting." We have to learn however, of the first failure of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry to cure coughs, colds, and pulmonary disease. 50 cents and $1 a bottle, large bottles much the cheaper.

AN IMPORTANT FACT.

The voluntary testimony of thousands establishes beyond all doubt a fact of vital importance to the sick and debilitated, viz, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an absolute specific for remittent and intermittent fever, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, mental depression, sleeplessness, chronic diarrhœa, and all diseases of the stomach, liver, and bowels. The unmedicated stimulants usually prescribed in these cases only aggravate the symptoms, instead of removing them. The Bitters, on the contrary, act as a corrective and invigorant, without producing the unpleasant and dangerous consequences of the old school practice. The action is mild and soothing to the irritated stomach and bowels, promoting digestion and preventing flatulency, nausea, headaches and all nervous disagreeables. A wineglassful before meals greatly assists digestion. The convalescent may use them with great benefit, as a means of restoring strength and cheerfulness.

THE BEST PRINTING OFFICE.

The present is a good opportunity to remind the friends of the paper, and the public generally, that the COLUMBIAN JOB PRINTING office has no superior in this section, and, in some respects, is without an equal. During the last year we have completely renewed our types and made large additions, and it is no idle boast to say that we have now the Best Presses, the Best Assortment of Type, the Best Stock of Paper, Cards, &c., and the Best Workmen in the country. Our workmen are specially adapted for their places, and we make it a point to always give our customers a neat, correct and satisfactory job.—We do not claim to do work for less than others, but will warrant it to be as cheap as can be done anywhere and yield a decent profit. All who are in need of Job Printing of any kind—Plain or in Colors—will find it to their interest to give the COLUMBIAN office a trial. We have on hand every variety of Cards, Paper, Ink, Envelopes, Tags, &c., that is likely to be called for, and can furnish any quantity or style of work on short notice. Handbill to order. tf.

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found were the old established organs of the two political parties, at the several county seats throughout the Union. "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgement is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in. The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, upon which this paper is partially founded, was established in 1838, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a wider circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes regularly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from its first to its last line. It is the only recognized exponent of nearly five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives

Agricultural.

Tight Check Reins.

At one of the meetings of the society for the protection of the animals the opinion was expressed that the use of very tight check reins on draft horses, was gradually going out of fashion with us. An individual who professes to know all about it says if a horse pulling a load finds a check rein holding back his head he cannot throw his weight into his collar, and is hindered from giving his body that position which is the most natural and effective. He has to pull by the strength of his muscles only; the weight of his body is lost, and so much pulling strength thrown away, while what remains is exerted at a great expenditure of the horse's power and health, to say nothing of his comfort. The consequence is that his limbs and muscles become strained and distorted, his knees are bowed forward and his hocks backward. If a man pulls a load by a strap across his shoulders, he bends his head and chest forward, and relieves his legs; a horse does the same when he can, and ought always to be allowed to do so. In addition tying up a horse's head in this way will interfere with his breathing and with the circulation of the blood in the head, while the heart and lungs are excited by work. This makes the horse feel very uncomfortable, restless and irritable; and his "head aches and pains him, and he gets many a violent jag and blow just because his driver cannot understand the cause of his restlessness. I have seen many horses standing at public house doors and other places in this uneasy state, and by and by set off in their desire to get home and be unharnessed, when the driver has rushed out and punished the horse for his own error." The same writer enlarges also, of course, upon the influence of the tight check rein in straining the muscles of the horse's neck, thus tiring him out and making him restless. He declares that the horse will sometimes rest the weight of his head on the rein, stretching his mouth, to escape the other torment, and that many splendid horses incessantly toss their heads and champ their mouths into a foam from the intolerable uneasiness of the tight check rein.

How to Manage Young Pigs.

Until young pigs are a week old, we expect the sow to furnish all the food the pigs require, for unless she can do so she is not fit to be a breeder. And here I would say something about the selection of a good breeding sow. First select the best, as far as can be judged from outward appearances, with a good sound constitution. When the sow has the first litter, if she throws good pigs, sound and lively, and can furnish a good flow of milk, then she should be kept as a breeder; if she can not suckle her young properly, cannot supply enough milk to keep the young porkers in good, healthy condition, for the first week at least, then she should be discarded. If this were generally observed we would have much better swine than we now have.

When the young pigs are about a week old, have a small or low trough put where the little pigs can get to it at all times, yet out of reach of the old sow. The young pigs will soon learn to eat out of it, and thus help fatten themselves and relieve the mother. We first give skim milk, after which sour or thick milk is given. The trough should be kept well supplied, so the pigs can have as much and as often as they wish. This is the true way to feed a pig, and the sooner begun the more profitable.

As to the age to wean pigs, many breeders differ, some saying not until eight weeks, while others wean them at four weeks. We have weaned them at four weeks with no bad results, but think six weeks is better.—*Live Stock Journal.*

Ploughing up Raw Soil.

We sometimes hear farmers remark that, ploughing deep, they get less grain; that, bringing up the new mellow soil, their crops suffer. It would be very strange if this was not the case; for this soil, even if ever so mellow, is raw, just like manure when it is green or long. It is not yet converted or changed into plant-food. It needs just what the long manure needs—to be changed by the heat and the air—that is, decomposed or rotted.

When the top-soil is less fertile than it used to be when the land was first tilled, you may rest assured that this under soil is always better than the upper soil because the upper has deteriorated, while the under has not, but rather improved.

It is, therefore, inadvisable, nay suicidal in some soils, to turn up deeply the underground in the spring or in the fall at sowing time. The cold cheerless ground will not help the grain, and were it not for the other soil mixed with it, an almost total failure would be the result.

But turn it up in the fall, and let the frost and the elements take hold of it, and you have another soil; it is turned into manure, a good part of it. A little lime mixed with it, scattered and harrowed in, or manure, or both, would facilitate the process. In the spring sow, either with or without another ploughing, and you will find no more occasion to complain. We have great fertility to draw upon from below, but it requires managing.—*Evening Post.*

How to Keep Sweet Potatoes.

The question as to size of bins is not so particular, as I have kept them equally as well from a barrel to 1,600 baskets in one bulk. It is necessary that the cellar should be well ventilated, especially from four to six weeks after storing, while undergoing their sweats, avoiding too much direct draft. Some varieties are much hardier than others. The Short Nansemond variety is as hardy as any. It is very desirable to keep the cellars at one temperature. I generally separate my bins with common inch boards. One foot of air space between the potatoes and ceiling is sufficient for the circulation of air. I would recommend that the thermometer never go above 70 degrees nor below 50 degrees, between 60 and 70 degrees proper. I built a preserving house, with cellar below and room above, with bins on each side of the entrance to hold from 200 to 500 baskets, and left space next to the wall to enable one to go around; the space to continue up through the floor and around the upper room, so that the heat and air might circulate from the room below to the one above. The room above should be brick-paved and plastered. This building had a wind-break on the north side, of eight feet wide and the length of the house. In cold weather the potato bins should be tight all around, rest on the ground and floor with straw under and next to the wall, with straw around them. For a few weeks after housing let the windows be left open, with wire screens in them, to protect against rats and mice. It is very important that the potatoes to be housed be selected from as high ground as possible, and gathered immediately from the the hoe or plow. I once put 1,000 baskets in an ice-house in one bulk, and as they were put in I set a stove on a board on top of the potatoes, and in that way dried off the sweat as it rose, and took them out at early winter with very few decayed ones.

Young Folks.

THE DOVE MAIDEN.

A CATSKILL FAIRY TALE

(Continued.)

Skimp departed with the money, leaving the broker delighted to have obtained the chain so cheaply.

Fairies have no need of real money, so Skimp hid hers by the steps of a cathedral, where a good man found it and distributed the gold to the poor, which the broker never would have done.

That night a large rat, with bright eyes like two beads, crept into the chamber where the broker slept. He had the chain in a stout oak box beneath the bed, and his door was barred, as he feared robbers. He could not keep out a rat, especially when that rat was Madam Skimp.

She gnawed up a quantity of bank-notes, which she had adroitly slipped from between the leaves of a pocket-book, to a soft pulp. With this she rolled two little balls, and popped them into the sleeper's ears, so that he could hear nothing. Then she attacked the box under the bed; gnaw, gnaw, went her sharp teeth until a tiny hole was made, through which she dragged the dove chain, and away she went with it.

"That was well done," said Skimp, changing into a hawk.

We must now return to Aunt Katrine's house. The children all grew up. Sophia, a blooming maiden of eighteen, married a wealthy mill-owner, and went away.

The dove child was tall and fair in appearance. She had long since outgrown the star-spangled robe and tiny shoes she first wore. The dove mate had never returned to visit her.

Otto did not miss the chain from the hiding place, for soon after Aunt Katrine had lost it the cottage took fire from a smoking chimney, and the whole building was destroyed. Otto carried out the furniture, but he supposed the chain must have been lost in the flames. Aunt Katrine still kept silent, but she was very kind to the dove child, trying to repair the injury she had done her.

"After all, she is better off here in a Christian home," thought poor Aunt Katrine; and then she looked at the spangled dress, wondering where the dove maiden really had lived.

Otto had grown to be a handsome young man. He was faithful, honest and industrious, and rebuilt the cottage with his own hands. Still he must always have his own way. He wished to marry the dove maiden. Aunt Katrine thought the girl could not do better: after she died there would be no one left to care for her unless she married Otto. So the dove maiden went into the new cottage as Otto's wife, although she wept many tears that this should be her lot instead of finding her dove companion once more.

Aunt Katrine still scrubbed and polished, for in that lay her chief happiness, and the dove maiden was too delicate for such hard work. One fine morning the good aunt put on her spectacles to admire a pretty baby which lay in the cradle, as white as milk, with sapphire eyes. Otto made a husband good enough, and he was proud of his wife and child, but he was surly and ill-tempered if any little matter went wrong, even with them. The dove maiden was now cheerful and happy; she called the child Snowdrop, and they gathered flowers together in the meadow, while Aunt Katrine scrubbed. When the little girl had grown sufficiently large she was dressed in the star-spangled robe, shoes, and silver cap which her mother had worn before her. Aunt Katrine was very much pleased with Snowdrop in this becoming costume. The dove maiden led her to the meadow, where she loved to sit near the spot where she was captured. The Snyders had never heard a word of her story, but now she decided to tell it to Snowdrop, who listened with bright, intelligent eyes.

"I dreamed about my sister last night," she said. "Perhaps if we wait patiently here she will come and pay us a visit."

"But how will she come?" asked Snowdrop.

"She will fly here with her beautiful white wings, just as I did," returned the dove maiden, with a sigh. "Attend, my child, while I tell you about your grandfather and relatives in the East. The King of Selgrobia is my father. He has a brilliant court thousands of miles away from here, where the palm-trees grow. I have a brother who is a Crown Prince, and will some time be King. My sister and I were the only daughters, and we were twins. We were born with little gold chains about our necks, studded with jewels, and clasped with a diamond button. These were gifts of the fairy king at our birth, and would enable us to become doves whenever we wished to fly away. The Queen, our mother, considered this a very dangerous gift; and, fearing we would avail ourselves of the chance thus granted us, she carefully hid away the two chains in a casket. We were brought up in the palace, yet seldom visited the state apartments. Ah, that was a happy life! We played in rose gardens with our maids, and bathed in marble fountains.

"One day there was a grand reception, in which a Prince of Ethiopia, black as ebony, and wearing a turban of yellow satin wound with chains of pearls, was presented to the King. The Crown Prince, our brother, was present at the ceremony; but we were too young, although our maids ran away to peep through the lattice at the wonderful stranger. Left alone, we rambled into our mother's magnificent apartments, and began to examine every rare, costly piece of furniture with childish curiosity. Presently we found a casket in an alcove which contained our chains, and we at once recognized the fairy gifts.

"'Let us go out on the balcony,' urged my sister.

"So we stepped out, disobeying our mother, and tried our wings as doves. We flew into the audience hall, where the King sat in royal robes, and that was the last time I ever saw him. We sped up into the clear sky, and after a journey of many days reached this place. It is a cold region after my home."

As the mother ceased speaking, the dove sister came darting down to visit them. The dove maiden caressed the bird, shedding warm tears of joy upon its snowy feathers, and even Snowdrop stroked it with her fat little hands.

"I have been to the fairy king," said the dove. "He says that the workman who made the chain is dead, and the art died with him, so we can never have another. The fairy sent this pearl ring to your daughter. No one can take it from her finger, and it will grant her wishes."

The mother and child returned to their humble home, where Otto no sooner saw the pearl ring than he tried to wrench it off; but the ring held firmly as steel.

"The value of the pearl would make me a rich man, and I will have it," he scolded.

When Aunt Katrine saw the ring she was much excited, wishing to know where it came from; and little Snowdrop told her that a beautiful dove brought it from the skies. Then the old lady told the dove maiden the truth concerning the disappearance of the dove chain on the day when she had taken it from Otto's hiding place under the eaves.

[To be continued.]

VEGETINE

WILL CURE

SCROFULA,

Scrofulous Humor.

Vegetine will eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula and Scrofulous humor. It has permanently cured thousands in Boston and vicinity who had been long and painful sufferers.

Cancer, Cancerous Humor.

The marvelous effect of Vegetine in case of Cancer and cancerous humor challenges the most profound attention of the medical faculty, many of whom are prescribing Vegetine to their patients.

Canker.

Vegetine has never failed to cure the most inflexible case of Canker.

Mercurial Diseases.

The Vegetine meets with wonderful success in the cure of this class of Diseases.

Pain in the Bones.

In this complaint the Vegetine is the great remedy as it removes from the system the producing cause.

Salt Rheum.

Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, &c., will certainly yield to the great alterative effects of Vegetine.

Erysipelas.

Vegetine has never failed to cure the most inveterate case of Erysipelas.

Pimples and Humors of the Face

Reason should teach us that a blotchy, rough or pimpled skin depends entirely upon an internal cause; and no outward application can ever cure the defect. Vegetine is the great blood purifier.

Tumors, Ulcers or Old Sores

are caused by an impure state of the blood. Cleanse the blood thoroughly with Vegetine, and these complaints will disappear.

Catarrh.

For this complaint the only substantial benefit can be obtained through the blood. Vegetine is the great blood purifier.

Constipation.

Vegetine does not act as a cathartic to debilitate the bowels, but cleanses all the organs, enabling each to perform the functions devolving upon it.

Piles.

Vegetine has restored thousands to health who have been long and painful sufferers.

Dyspepsia.

If Vegetine is taken regularly, according to directions, a certain and speedy cure will follow its use.

Faintness at the Stomach.

Vegetine is not a stimulating bitters which creates a fictitious appetite, but a gentle tonic, which assists nature to restore the stomach to a healthy action.

Female Weakness

Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs and allays inflammation.

General Debility

In this complaint the good effects of the Vegetine are realized immediately after commencing to take it; as debility denotes deficiency of the blood, and Vegetine acts directly upon the blood.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

HENDERSHOTT'S

DRUG STORE,

OPPOSITE THE CENTRAL HOTEL.

Has a complete stock of pure and reliable

DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, DYES, ACIDS, SOAPS, SODA, SODA ASH, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, VARNISHES AND ALL PAINTERS SUPPLIES, SPONGES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, &C.,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Drugs, Medicines, Dyes, &c.

—:o:—

CENTRAL STORE.

Have a carefully selected stock of choice TEAS, COFFEE, SUGAR, SPICES, SOAP, PICKELS, SAUCES, FISH, HAMS, CANNED FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND OTHER FINE GROCERIES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Fruits, Nuts and Confectionary,

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Bloomsburg, March 19, 1875-y

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of the latest design. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines of every description. Scales, Locks, Bell Hanging, Key Fitting, &c. Private Residences Heated by Steam at a small cost above Hot Air. Feb. 26,'75—tf.

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"The Leading American Newspaper."

On receipt of $2 and this advertisement THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent, postage paid, until December 31st, 1876, or for $1.50, six copies; for $10, eleven; for $20, thirty-one. Address

Jan. 15,'75-1y. THE TRIBUNE, New York.

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic.—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition,) containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. GET THE BOOK. Jan. 15'75-1y.

$5 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time, than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hours work. Full particulars, terms, &c., send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer. G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Jan. 15'75-1y.

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

Ayer's

Sarsaparilla

Is widely known as one of the most effectual remedies ever discovered for cleansing the system and purifying the blood. It has stood the test of years, with a constantly growing reputation, based on its intrinsic virtues, and sustained by its remarkable cures. So mild as to be safe and beneficial to children, and yet so searching as to effectually purge out the great corruptions of the blood, such as the scrofulous and syphilitic contamination. Impurities, or diseases that have lurked in the system for years, soon yield to this powerful antidote, and disappear. Hence its wonderful cures, many of which are publicly known, of **Scrofula**, and all scrofulous diseases, **Ulcers, Eruptions**, and eruptive disorders of the skin, **Tumors, Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Pustules, Sores, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm**, and internal **Ulcerations of the Uterus, Stomach, and Liver.** It also cures other complaints, to which it would not seem especially adapted, such as **Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Fits, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Female Weakness, Debility**, and **Leucorrhœa**, when they are manifestations of the scrofulous poisons.

It is an excellent restorer of health and strength in the Spring. By renewing the appetite and vigor of the digestive organs, it dissipates the depression and listless languor of the season. Even where no disorder appears, people feel better, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. The system moves on with renewed vigor and a new lease of life.

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where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

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OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

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SHIRTS,

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AND

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

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uly 1,'75-tf.

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Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness Liver Complaint, Pains or Soreness in the Chest or Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily cured by the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most remedies, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

Consumption can be cured

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials it has received

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Desires to call the attention of his Friends and the Public generally, to his

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HIS STOCK CONSISTS OF

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In connection with his stock of Merchandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,

A FULL STOCK OF

Dressed and Undressed Lumber,

AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.

Bill Lumber made a speciality.

CALL AND SEE.

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At their Works in Bloomsburg,

Formerly Bloomsburg Iron and Manufacturing company), where will be kept constantly on hand a large assortment of

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at prices to suit the trade. All Coal specially prepared before leaving the Yard. Also

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REPAIRING promptly attended to. They would respectfully solicit the Patronage of the Public.

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Oct. 8, '75—1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

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aug. 30-9t

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ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at International Expositions, in America as well as Europe. Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

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INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. Dealers get LARGER COMMISSIONS for selling inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.

NEW STYLES with most important improvements, are ever made. New Solo and Combination Stops. Superb Etagere and other Cases of new designs.

EASY PAYMENTS. Organs sold for cash; or for monthly or quarterly payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET ORGANS

MAY BE OBTAINED AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL

OF

L. B. POWELL,

SCRANTON, Pa.

General Agent also for the celebrated

CHICKERING PIANOS.

ALSO, OF

I. K. MILLER.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Dealer in above Instruments.

March 19,'75—y

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK,

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIES' WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired.

STOCK OF

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

CLOSED OUT AT COST

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Oct. 30,'74—tf

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE!

It is of great importance to you what kind of manure you apply to your Wheat Lands this fall. If you want a good crop of Wheat next season, and a heavy crop of Grass to follow, use,

BAUGH'S

Raw Bone Super Phosphate

STANDARD WARRANTED.

Put up in 200lb bags.

The base of this Old Established Article is Raw or Unburned Bones, and its strength cannot be exhausted with the crop of Wheat, but will prove effective on the following crop of Grass, and will also permanently improve the soil.

Farmers look to your own interests and prove if what we say about

Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate

is true or false, and notify us of the result. Make application for it early to your nearest Dealer in Manures, and if you cannot secure it through them, send your orders direct to your friends

BAUGH & SONS,

Aug. 10-3t. PHILADELPHIA & BALTIMORE.

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP vitalizes and enriches the blood, tones up the system, builds up the broken down, cures dyspepsia, debility, dropsy, chills and fevers, chronic diarrhœa, nervous affections, boils, humors, diseases of the kidneys and bladder, female complaints, &c.

Thousands have been changed by the use of the remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

CAUTION.—Be sure you get the "PERUVIAN SYRUP" (not Peruvian Bark.) Sold by dealers generally. A 32-page pamphlet, containing a treatise on Iron as a medicine, and other valuable papers, testimonials from distinguished physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent free to any address. PERUVIAN SYRUP & SONS, proprietors, 36 Harrison Avenue, Boston.

BLATCHLEY'S Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged standard of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop check valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a lifetime. For sale by dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not knowwhere to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you will be furnished by addressing with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,

60½ Commerce st., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE BY

J. SCHUYLER & SON, Bloomsburg, Pa.

March 5 '75-9m

BUSINESS CARDS,

VISITING CARDS,

LETTER HEADS,

BILL HEADS,

PROGRAMMES,

POSTERS, &C., &C.

NEATLY AND CHEAPLY PRINTED, AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

The Columbian Printing Establishment is amply supplied with the necessary Presses, Types and other material for executing all kinds of Printing at low rates and in the most expeditious and satisfactory manner.

CALL AT THE

Columbian Building,

COURT HOUSE ALLEY,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

When special material is required it will be promptly obtained.

Books and Pamphlets,

Hand-Bills and Dodgers,

Large and Small Posters,

Letter and Bill Heads,

Envelopes with Business Cards,

Bussiness, Pie Nic, Wedding and Visiting Cards,

Programmes, Bills of Fare, &c.

Will all be supplied and excuted in superior style, at cheap rates and short notice.

The best workmen are employed and the best material will always be furnished,

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

BLOOMSBURG, JUNE 18, 1875.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

MAY 30, 1875.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11.53 a. m.

For Catawissa, 11.53 a. m. and 7.56 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6.58 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 9.15 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9.15 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11.3 a. m., Pottsville, 12.10 p. m and Tamaqua, 1.36 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6.30 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9.30 a. m. and 8.00 p. m.

Passengers to and from and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTEN,

May 8, 1874—tf. General Superintendent.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4.30 A. M THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1874.

NORTH. a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
12 25	8 25	1 45	.....Scranton.....	7 05	2 20	6 30
12 2	8 3	1 40	.....Bellevue.....	10 14	2 28	6 38
12 1	8 23	1 3	.....Taylorville....	18 9	2 35	6 41
11 48	8 13	1 25	.....Jackawanna....	10 17	2 4	6 50
11 3	8 5	1 16	.....Pittston.....	10 25	2 57	7 09
11 20	7 59	1 11	.....West Pittston..	10 28	2 55	7 13
11 16	7 55	1 15	.....Wyoming.....	10 34	3 01	7 11
11 0	7 48	1 00	.....Mainoy.....	10 38	3 16	7 16
10 45	7 4	12 51	.....Kingston.....	10 45	3 15	7 25
8 25	7 25	12 40	.....Kingston.....	10 58	3 29	7 15
8 17	7 2	12 41	.....Plymouth June.	10 55	3 39	7 4
8 12	7 28	12 36	.....Plymouth.....	11 00	3 5	7 09
8 05	7 19	12 3	.....Avondale.....	11 05	3 36	7 58
8 00	7 10	12 26	.....Nanticoke.....	11 19	3 49	8 19
7 46	7 5	12 16	.....Hunlock's Creek	11 18	3 55	8 25
7 36	6 50	12 01	.....Shickshinny....	11 32	4 15	8 35
7 26	6 38	11 46	.....Hick's Ferry...	11 46	4 2	8 5
6 57	6 28	11 39	.....Beach Haven...	11 53	4 28	9 05
6 55	6 27	11 31	.....Berwick.....	11 53	4 36	7 10
6 52	6 3	11 22	.....Briar Creek....	12 8	4 45	7 12
6 27	6 18	11 17	.....Willow Grove...	12 12	4 56	7 25
6 20	6 03	11 11	.....Lime Ridge....	12 17	4 56	7 25
6 06	5 53	11 02	.....Espy.....	12 26	5 06	7 58
5 58	5 46	10 55	.....Bloomsburg....	12 37	5 12	8 2
5 51	5 40	1 48	.....Rupert.....	12 37	5 18	7 58
5 44	5 34	10 3	Catawissa Bridge.	12 43	5 24	8 02
5 40	5 30	10 40	.....Clark's Switch.	12 48	5 30	8 16
5 18	5 12	10 22	.....Danville.....	1 05	5 48	8 35
5 01	5 02	10 12	.....Cleansky.....	1 11	5 56	8 48
4 55	4 57	10 06	.....Cameron.....	1 14	6 03	8 55
4 39	4 40	9 5	.....Northumberland.	1 3	6 21	9 39
a.m.	p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

DAVID T. BOUND, Supt.

Superintendent's Office, Kingston, March 5, 1874.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 30th, 1873, trains will le